

Diagnostic Slide Session
96th Annual AANP

Case 7

Garrett Fitzpatrick, MD

Jesse Lee Kresak, MD

University of Florida

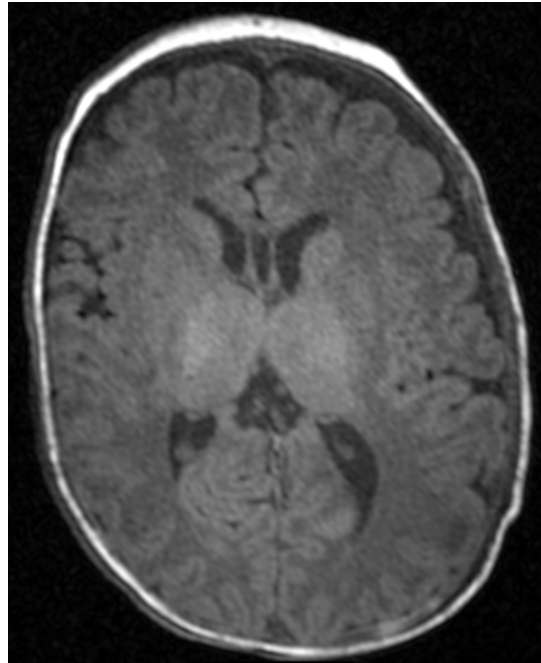
Department of Pathology, Immunology, and Laboratory Medicine



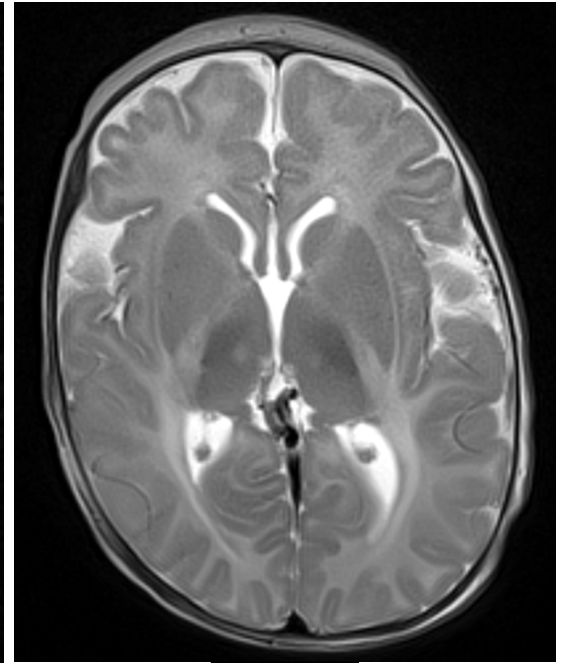
No disclosures or conflicts of interest.

- 3 month old male, born at 35 weeks, presents to pediatric emergency department with weakness and respiratory distress
- Hypotonia, lethargy, hypothermia on physical exam
- CSF, blood, and sputum cultures negative
- Progressive lactic acidosis
- Deceased two weeks after presentation

- Mild edema and abnormal diffusion restriction throughout white matter tracts
 - Most notable in brainstem
 - Extending to upper cord
- Subacute infarct of periventricular white matter

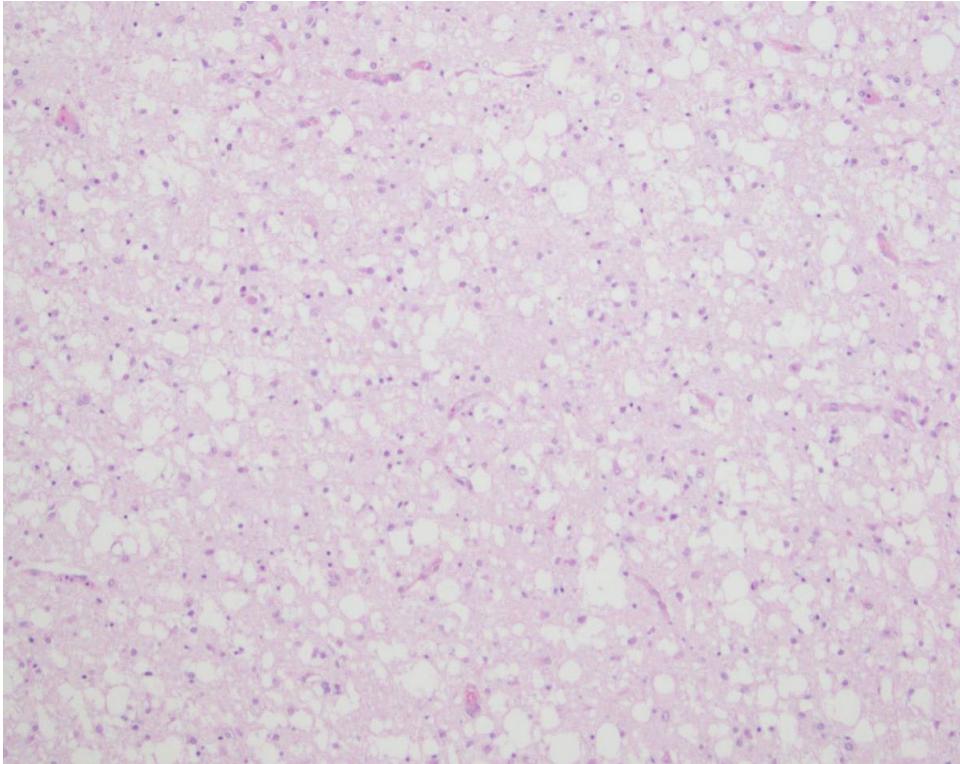
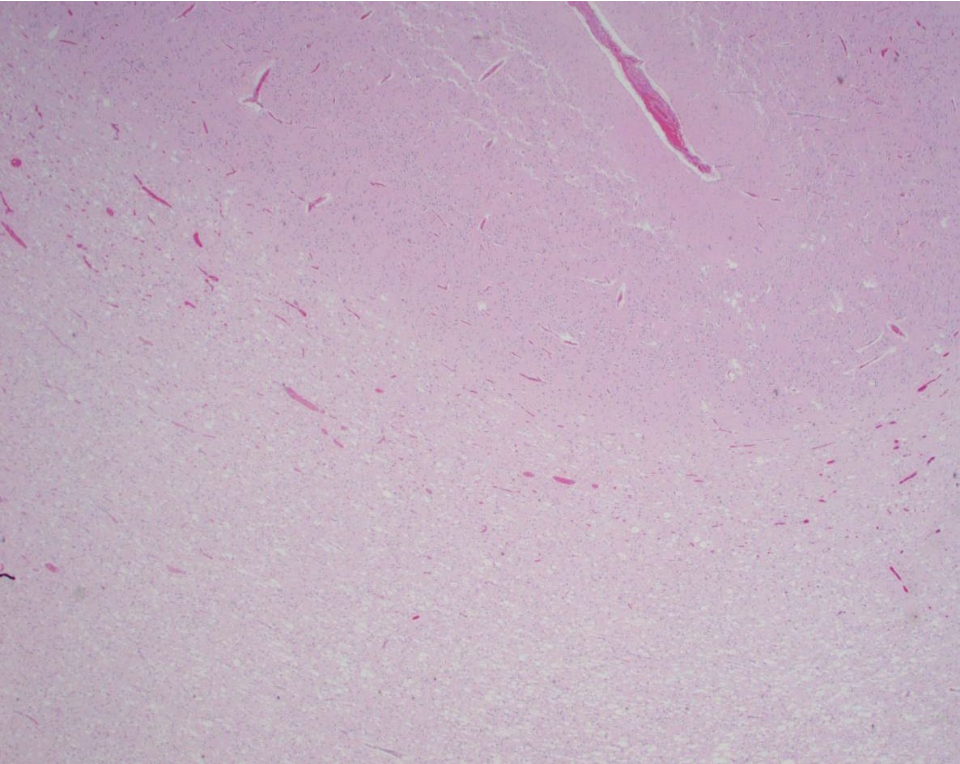


FLAIR

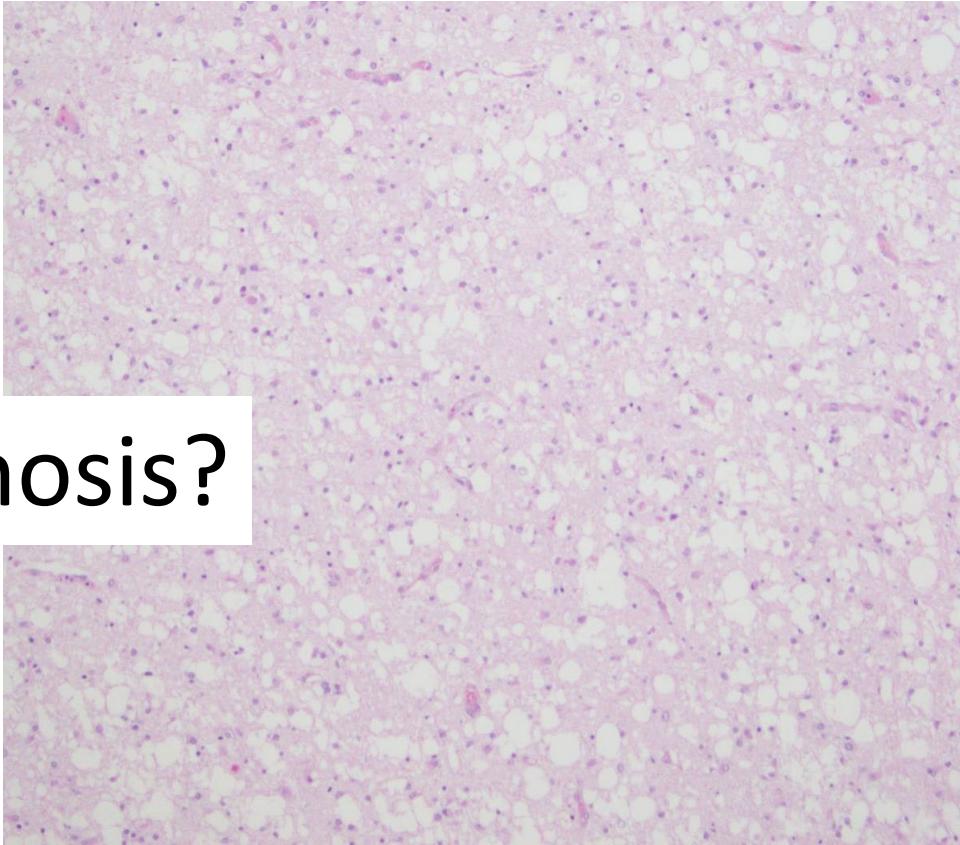
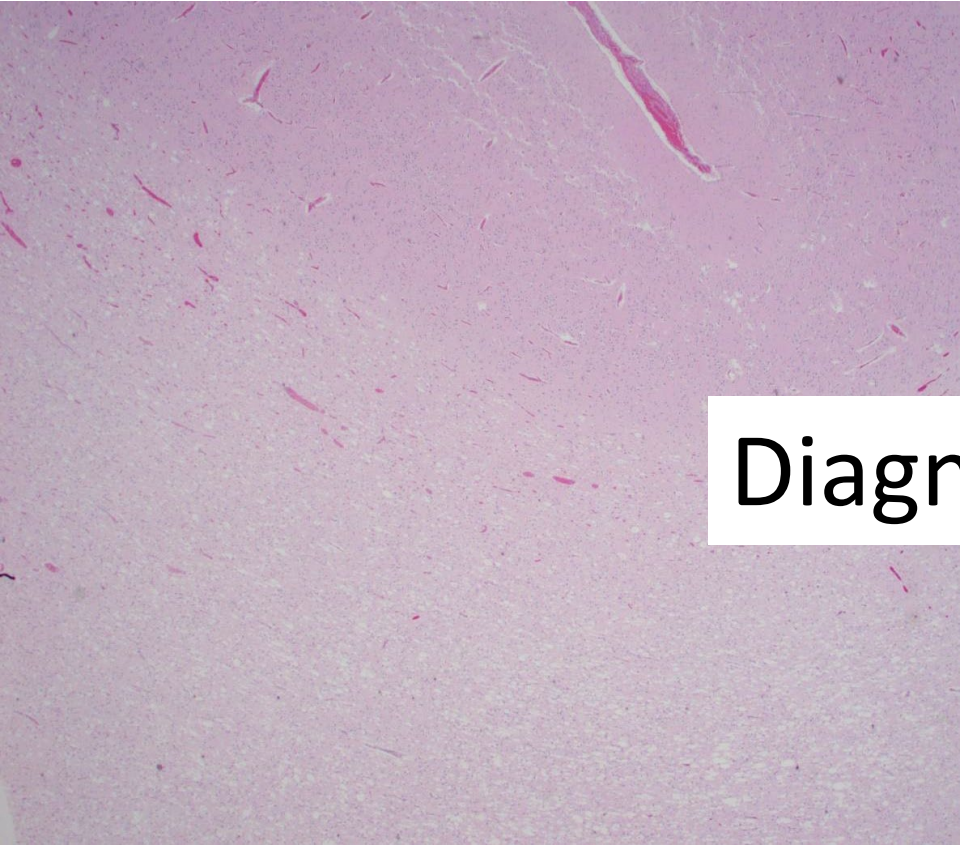


T2

Subcortical White Matter



H&E

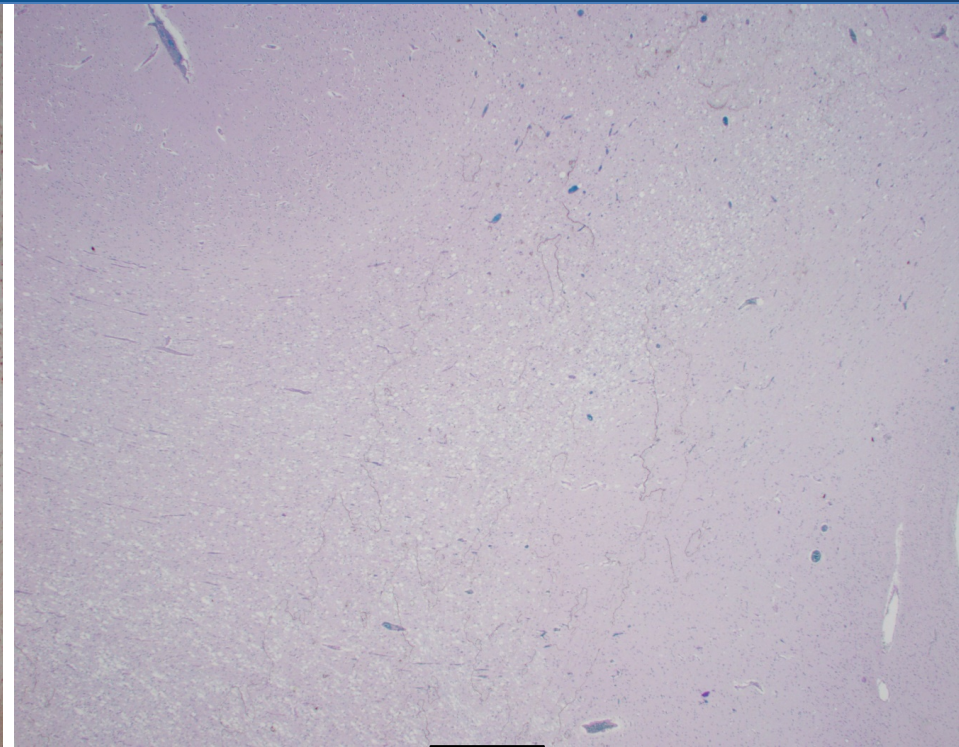


Diagnosis?

- Nonspecific Vacuolation
 - Diffuse White Matter Injury/Periventricular Leukomalacia
- Spongiform White Matter Changes
 - Mitochondrial diseases
 - Canavan Disease
 - Galactosemia
 - Toxins
 - Vanishing White Matter Disease
 - Pelizaeus-Merzbacher Disease

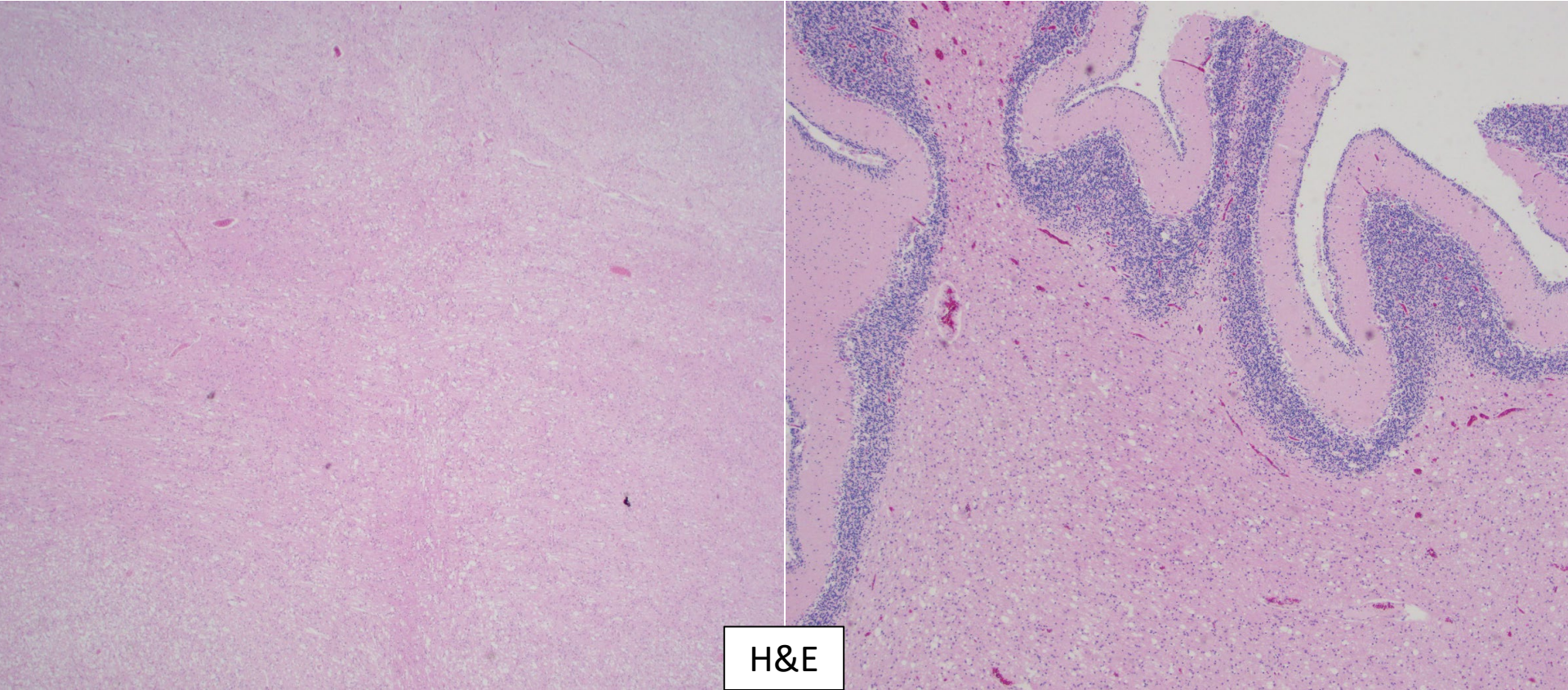


GFAP

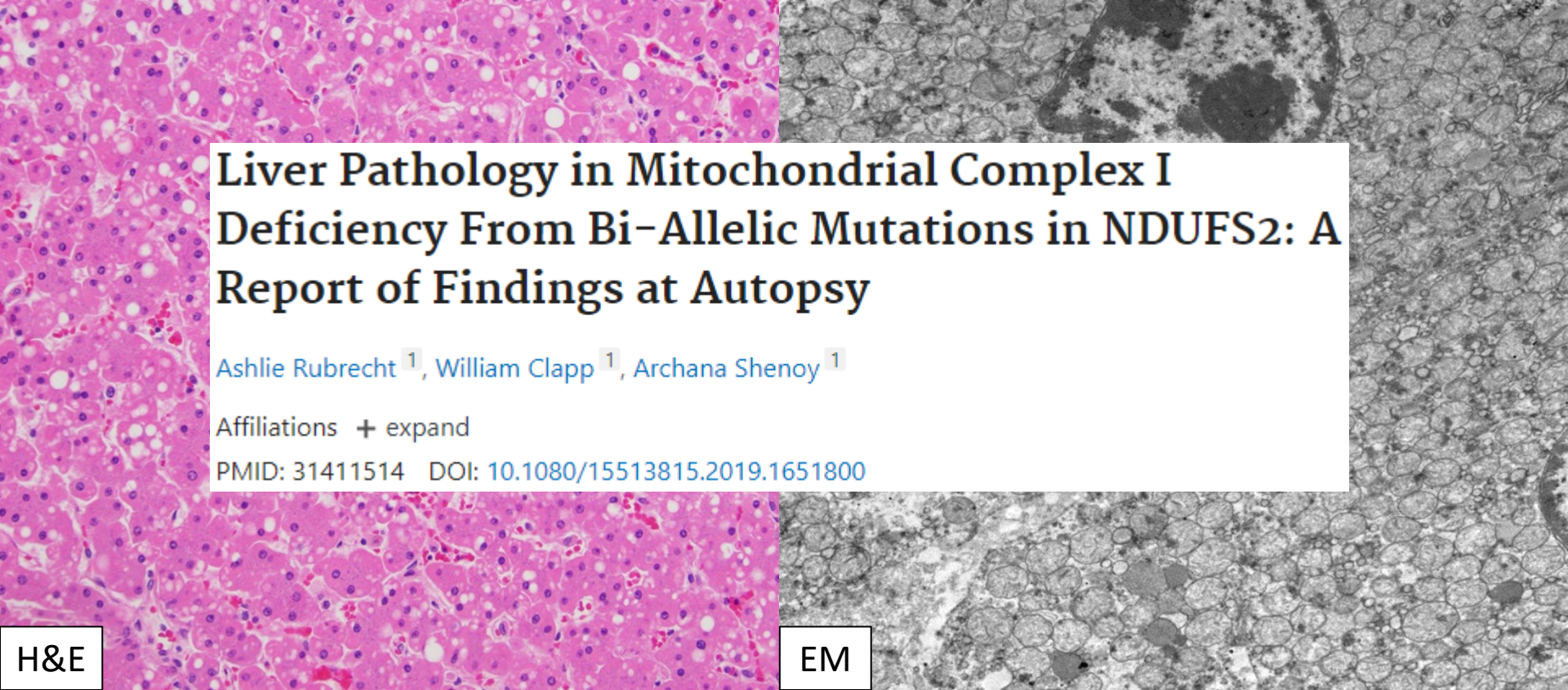


LFB

Pons & Cerebellum



H&E



Liver Pathology in Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency From Bi-Allelic Mutations in NDUFS2: A Report of Findings at Autopsy

Ashlie Rubrecht ¹, William Clapp ¹, Archana Shenoy ¹

Affiliations + expand

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H&E

EM

- *GeneDx* Mitochondrial Genome Sequence Analysis
 - Negative for mitochondrial DNA alterations

- *GeneDx* Lactic Acidosis/Pyruvate Metabolism Nuclear Gene Panel
- Bi-allelic *NDUFS2* mutations
 - C.552delC (S413P) – Pathogenic variant
 - C.1237 C>T (M185WfsX3) – Likely pathogenic variant
- Heterozygous variants of unknown significance
 - *NDUFV1*
 - C.800 G>A (R267K)
 - *COQ7*
 - C.104 G>A (R35H)

- *NDUFS2* encodes the NDUFS2 subunit of complex I (NADH ubiquinone oxidoreductase) of the mitochondrial respiratory chain
- *NDUFS2* mutations have been associated with:
 - LHON-like optic neuropathy (Gerber *et al* 2017)
 - Encephalomyopathy and cardiomyopathy (Loeffen *et al* 2001)
 - Leigh syndrome (Marin *et al* 2013, Ngu *et al* 2012, Tuppen *et al* 2010)
- Other complex I mutations:
 - Cavitating leukoencephalopathy (Ferreira *et al* 2011, Kashani *et al* 2014, Ren *et al* 2017)
 - Rapidly progressive leukoencephalopathy (Baertling *et al* 2014)
 - Leukoencephalopathy with vanishing white matter (Pagniez-Mammeri *et al* 2010)

Mitochondrial Encephalo(myo)pathies

- Leigh syndrome*
- Kearns-Sayer syndrome
- Infantile-onset spinocerebellar ataxia
- Alpers syndrome
- And many more

- Multiple focal lesions with necrosis or spongiform vacuolation
 - Often symmetric, with involvement of:
 - Basal ganglia
 - Thalamus
 - Midbrain
 - Brainstem
 - Cerebellar nuclei
 - Spinal cord
 - Spares the cortex
 - Neuropil destruction followed by gliosis
- Is this a case of Leigh syndrome?

Why the variability with mitochondrial disorders?

- Heteroplasmy
 - Only relevant in discussing disorders linked to mitochondrial DNA
- Synergy between heterozygous bi-allelic mutations
- May depend on timing and severity of an inciting event
- There is much left to be learned...

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