



University of California  
San Francisco

# DSS 2015 - 8

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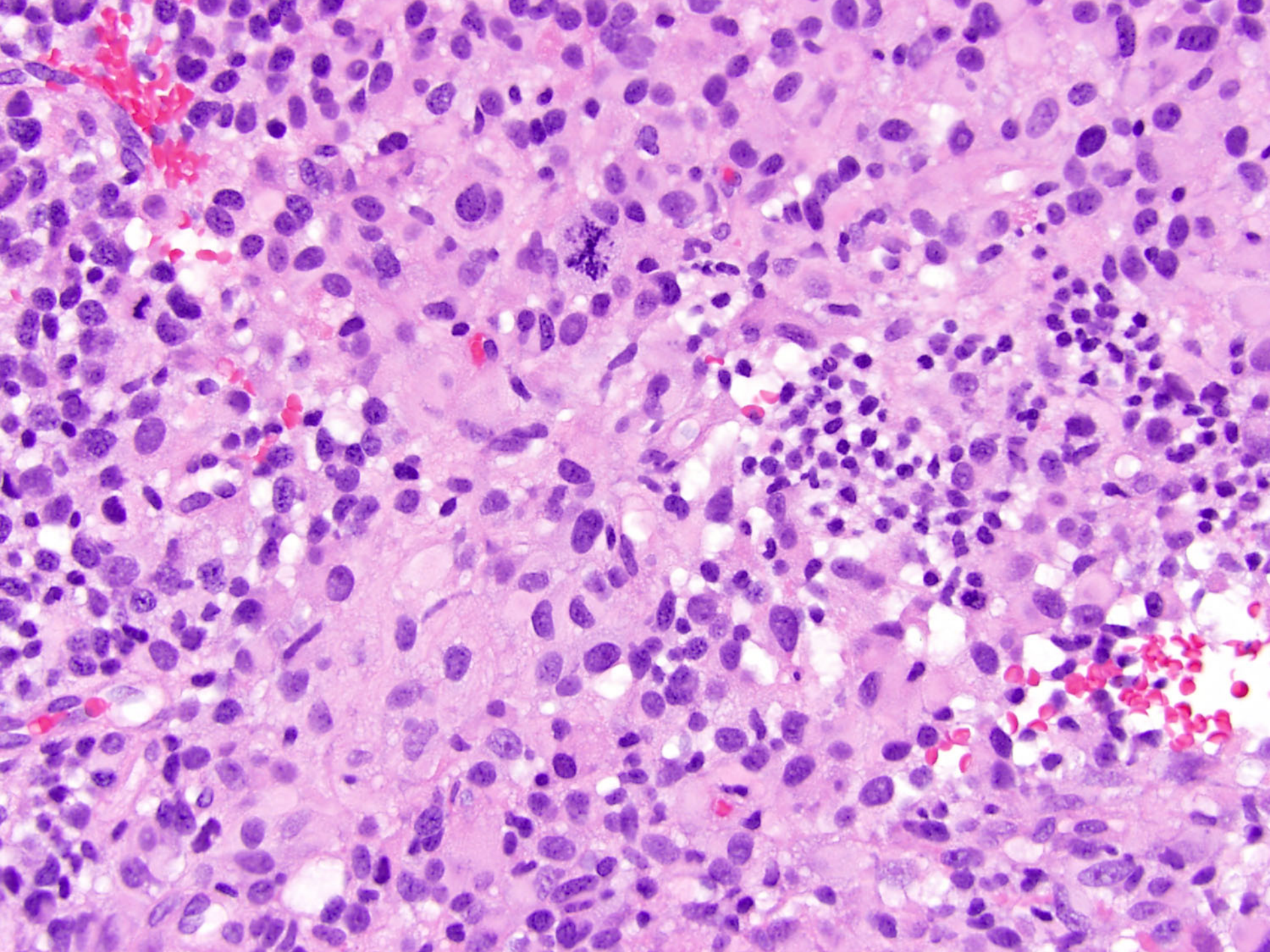
Division of Neuropathology, University of  
California San Francisco

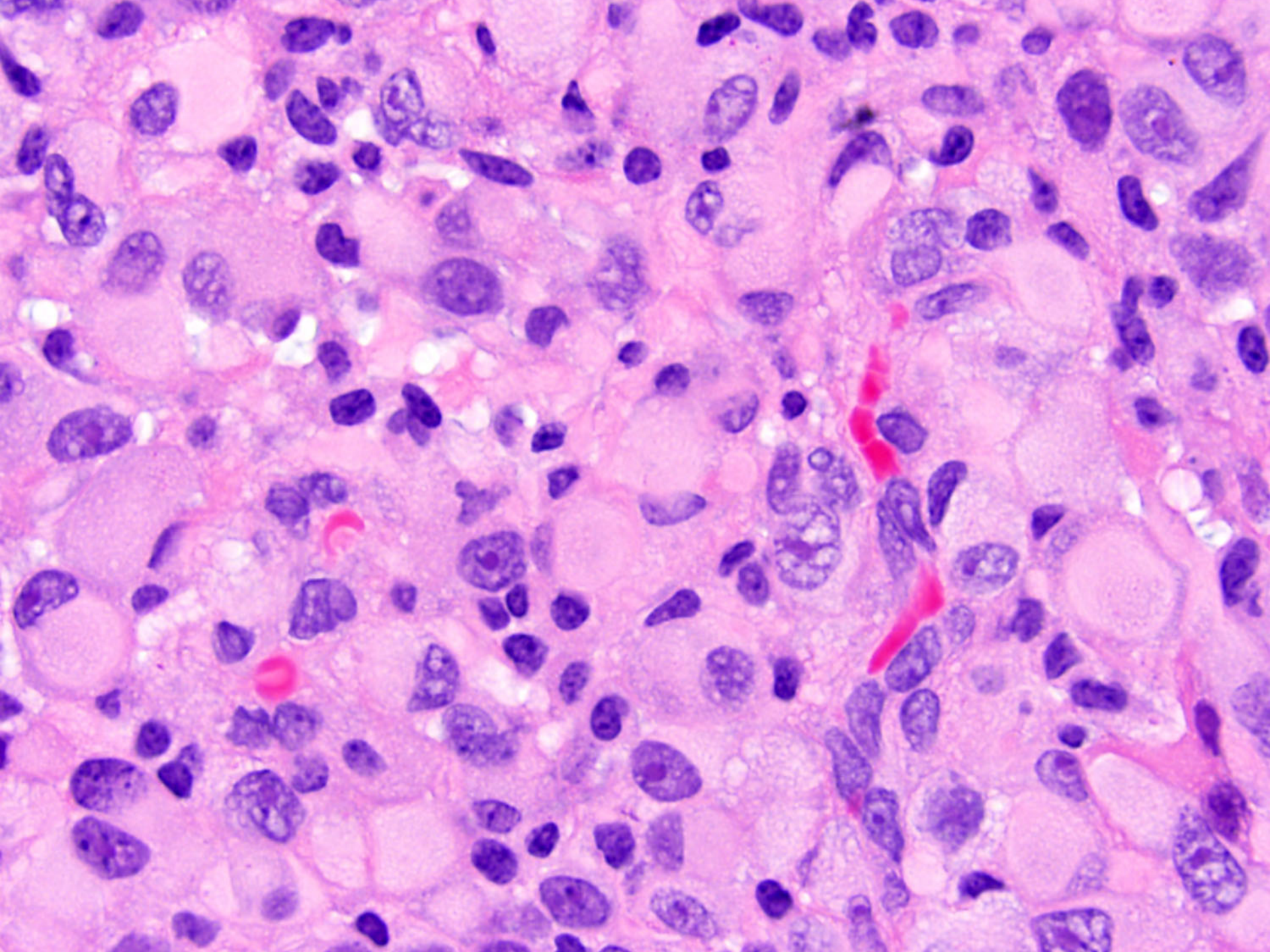
# Clinical History

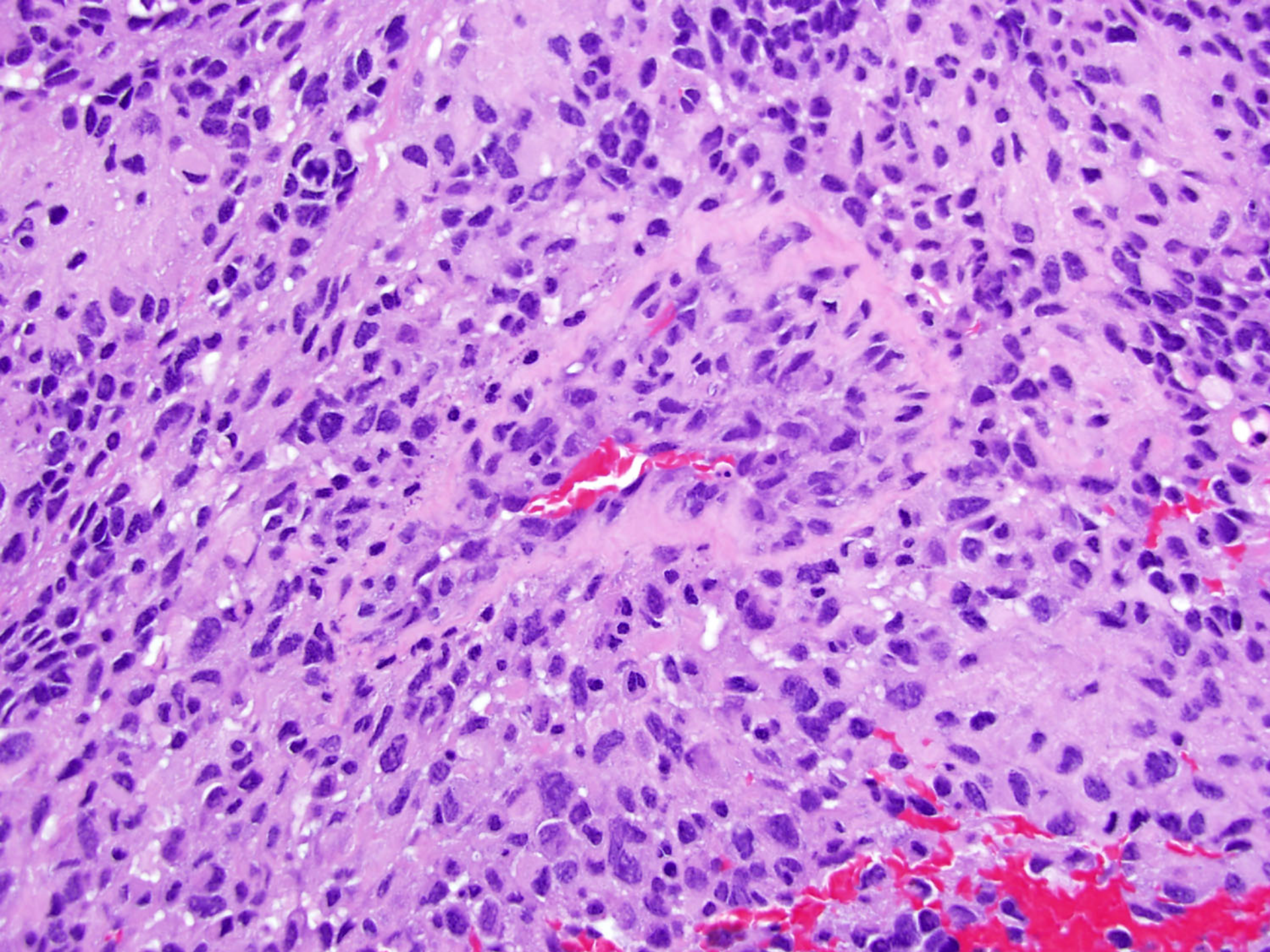
- 26 year-old man with a 10 year history of right leg weakness:
- Three week history of urinary retention

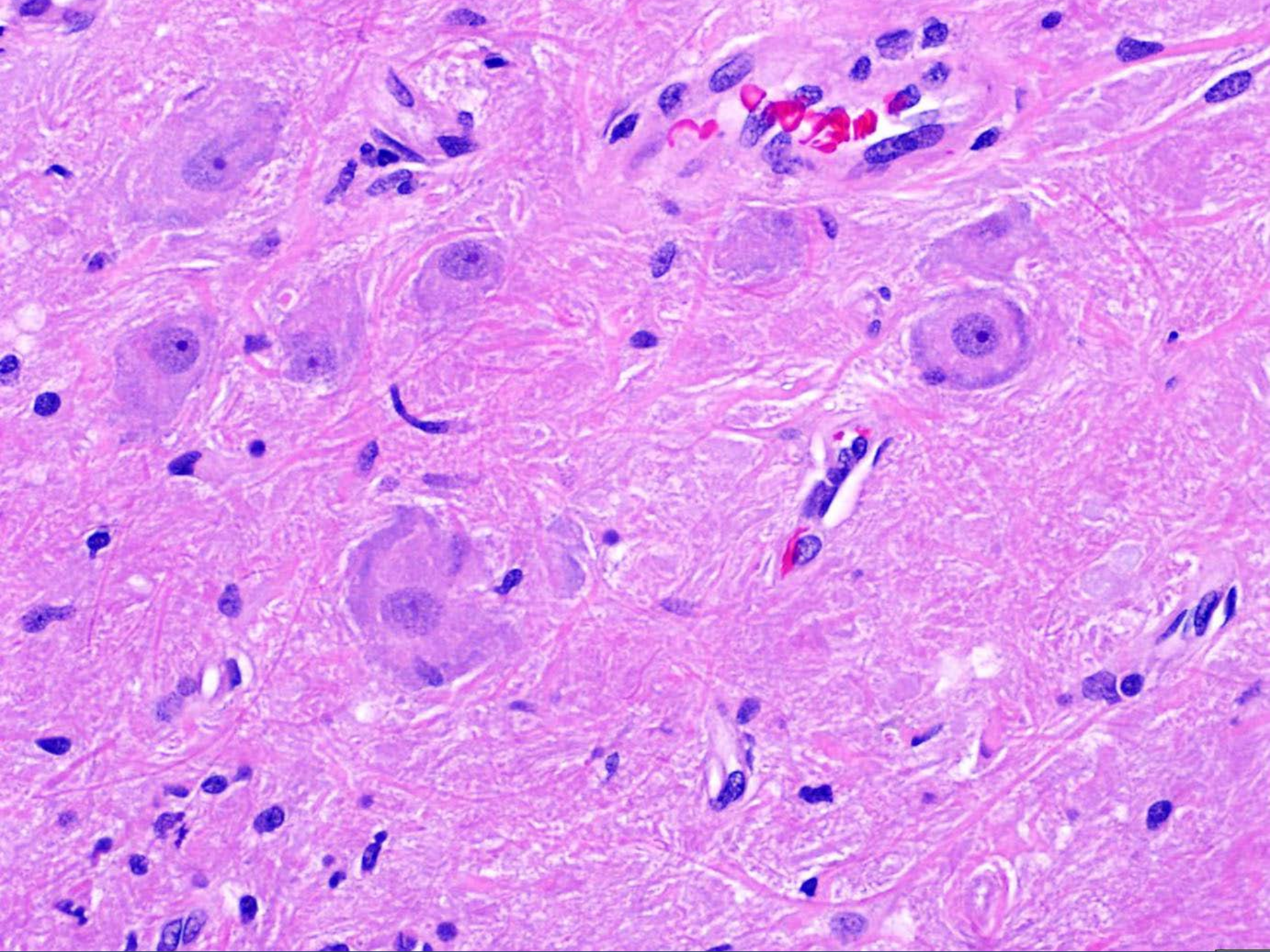
# Non-Contrast Magnetic Resonance Imaging

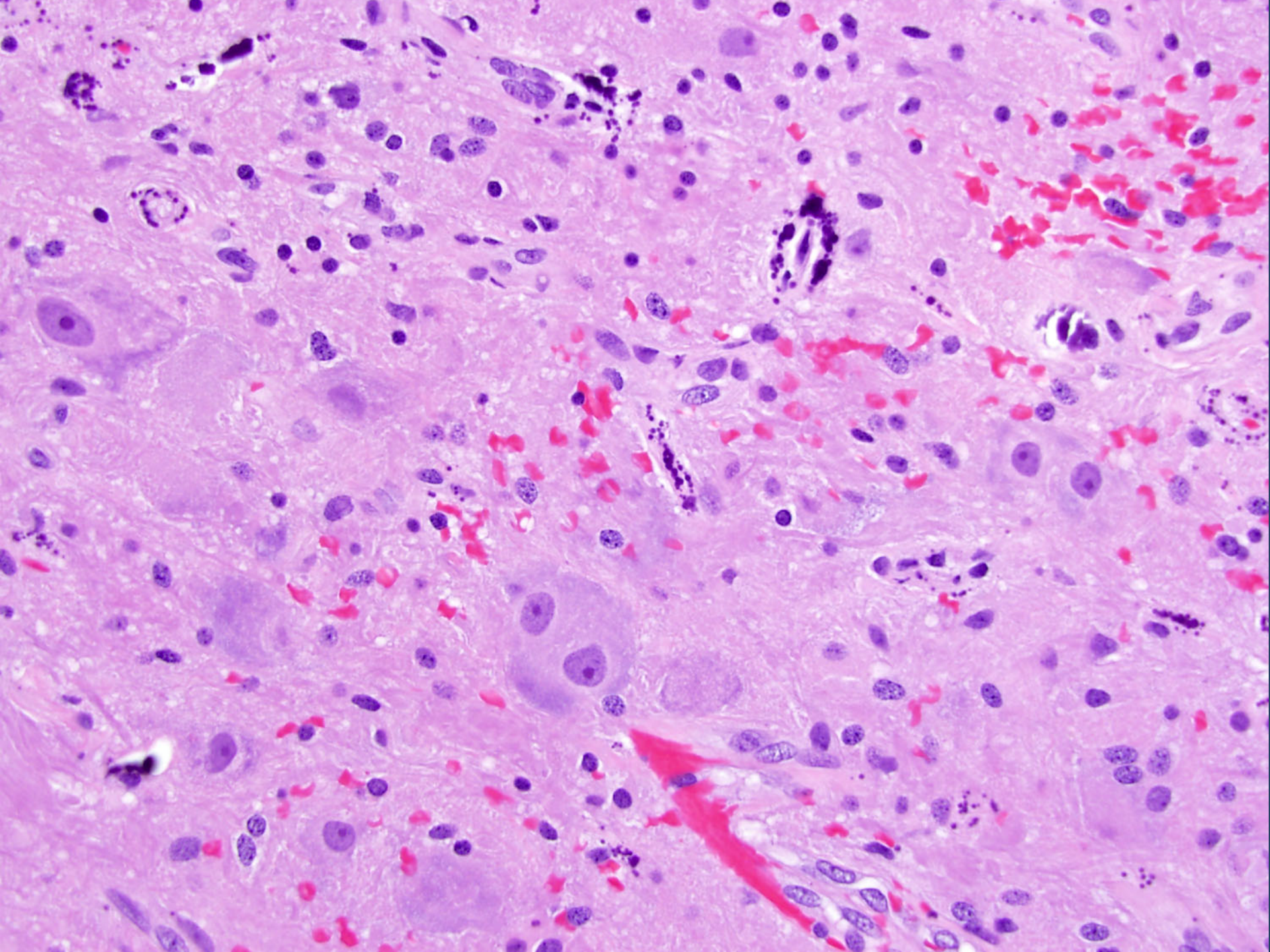




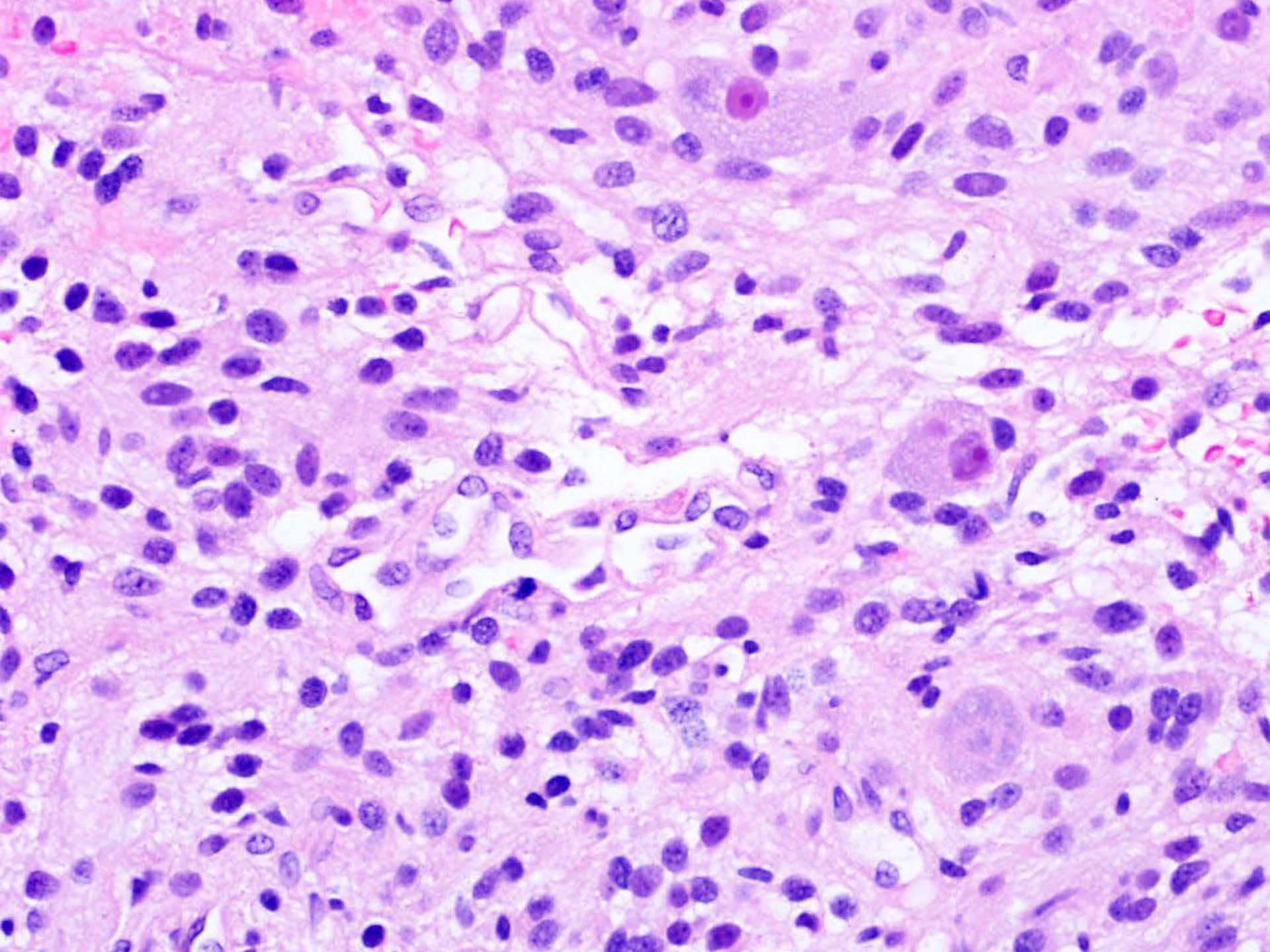










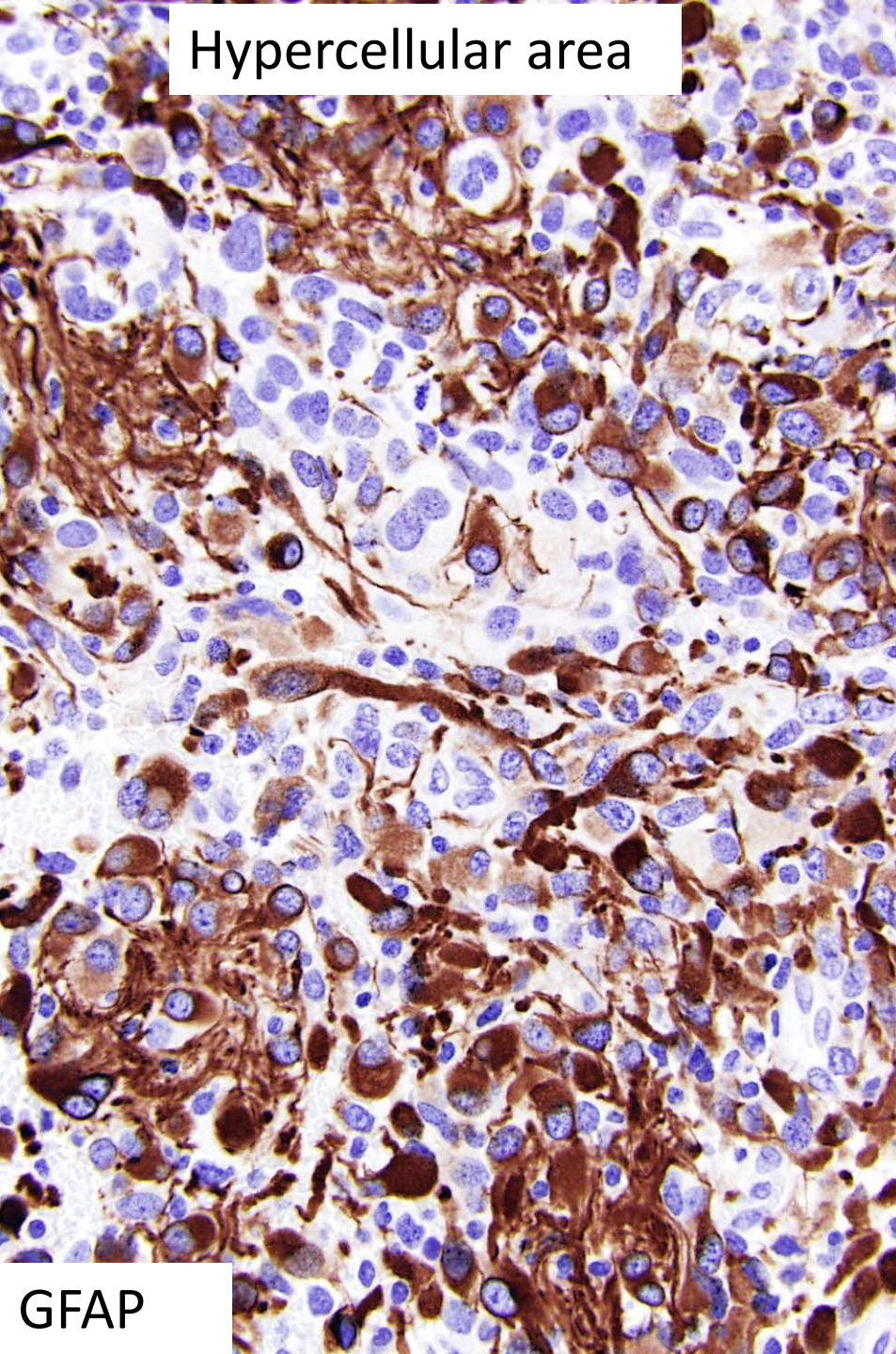


Diagnosis?

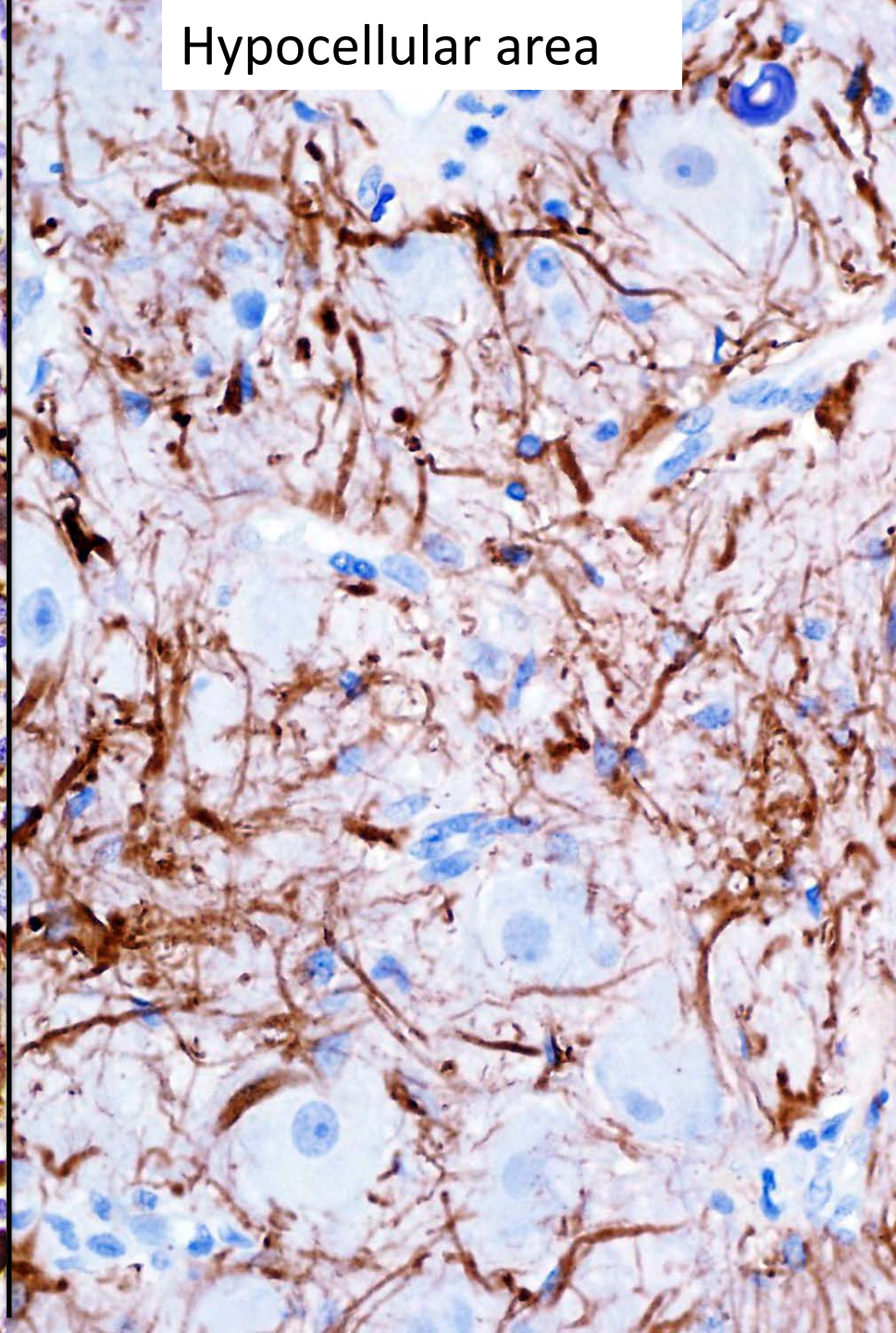
# Differential Diagnosis

- Anaplastic ganglioglioma (WHO grade III)
- Atypical teratoid/rhabdoid tumor arising in ganglioglioma (WHO grade IV)
- Epithelioid glioblastoma with ganglioglioma-like foci (WHO grade IV)

Hypercellular area

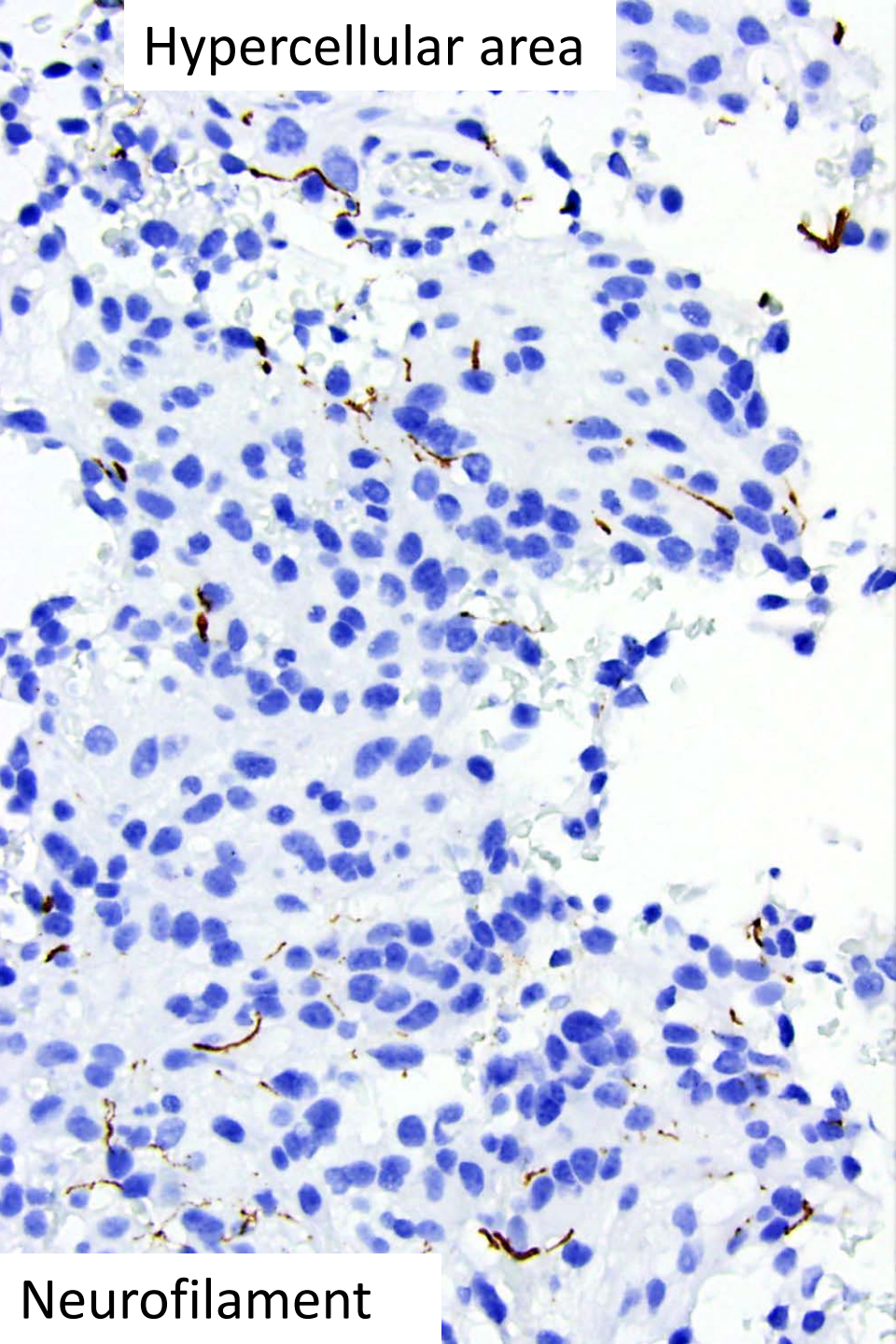


Hypocellular area

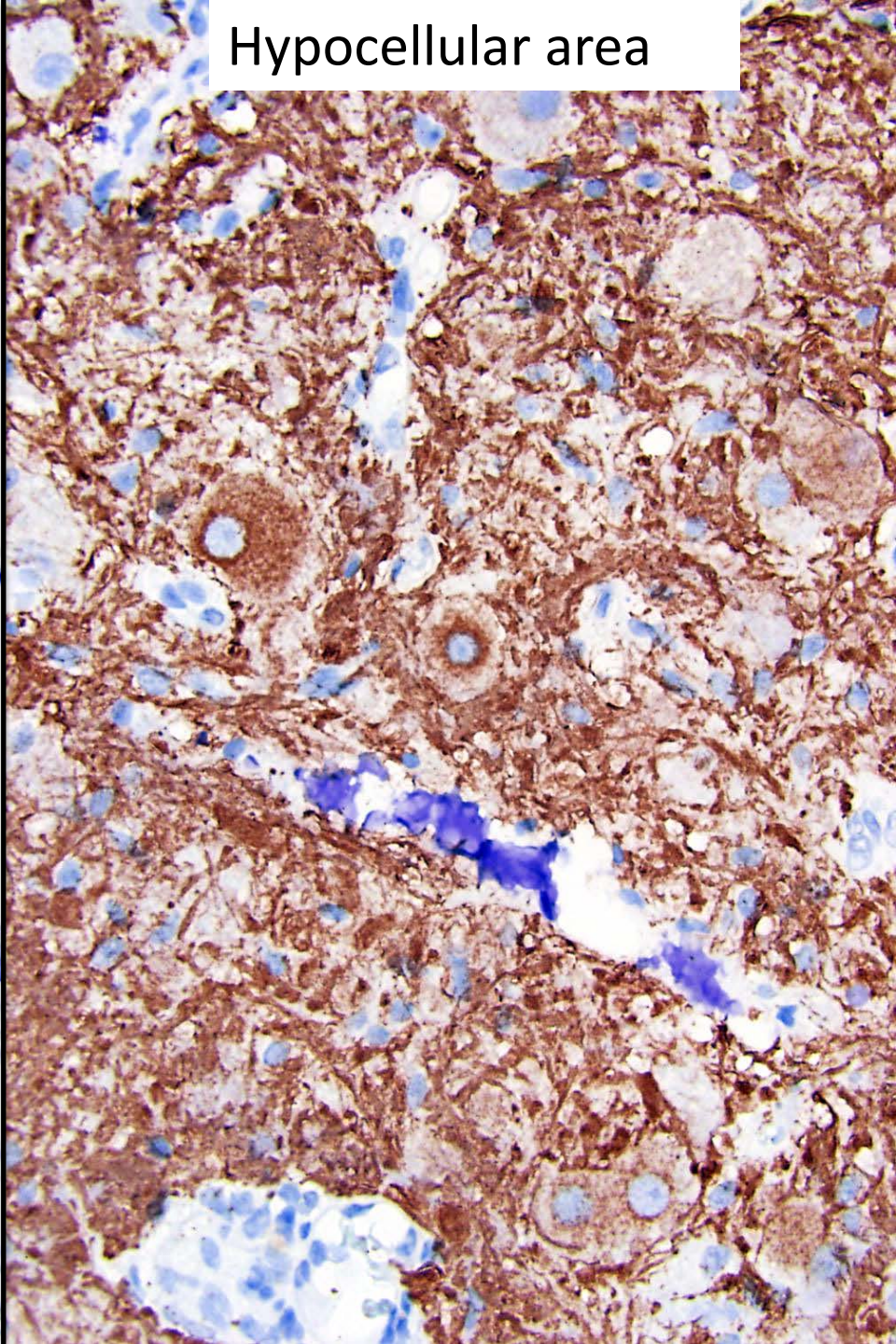


GFAP

Hypercellular area



Hypocellular area

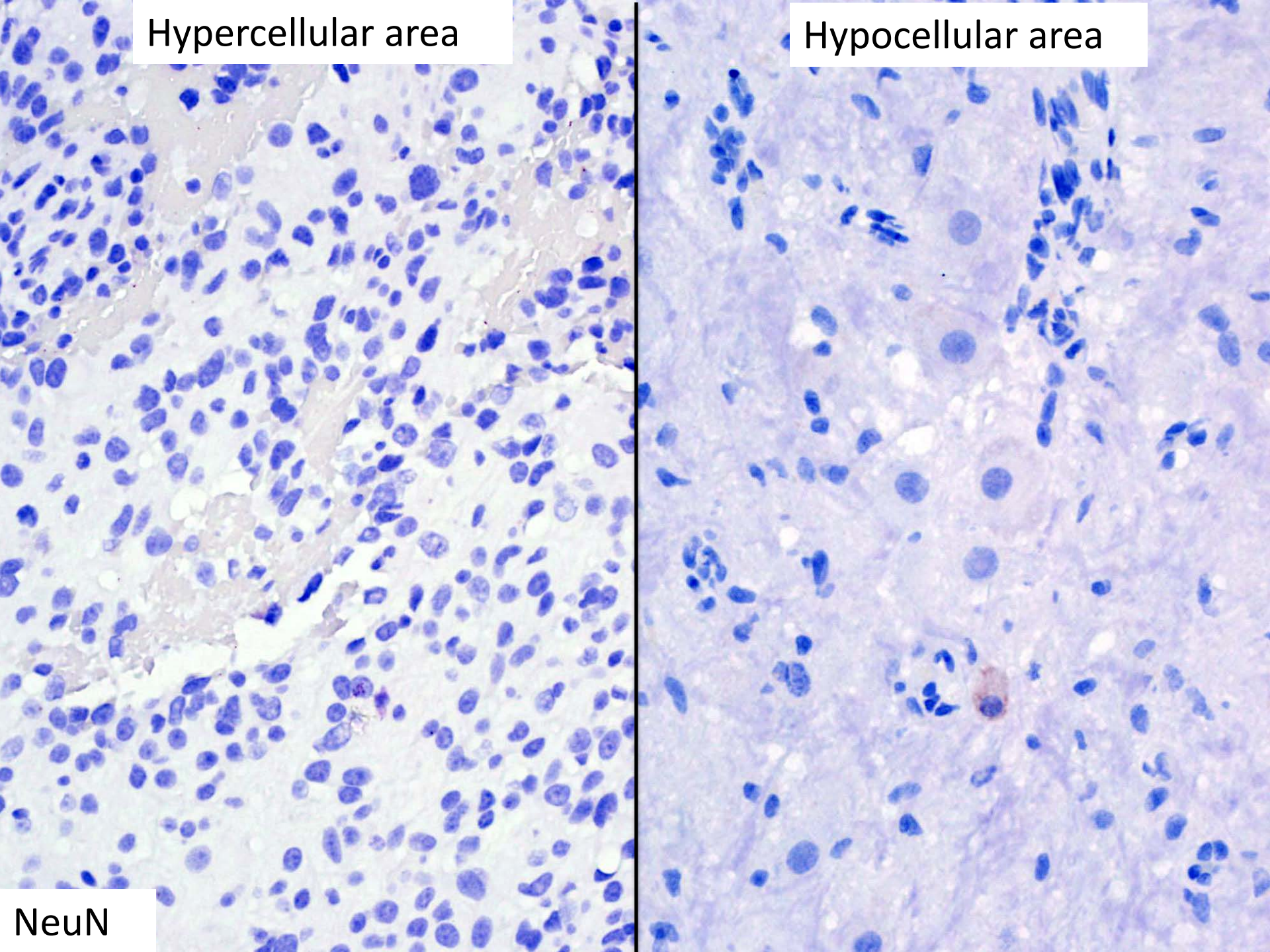


Neurofilament

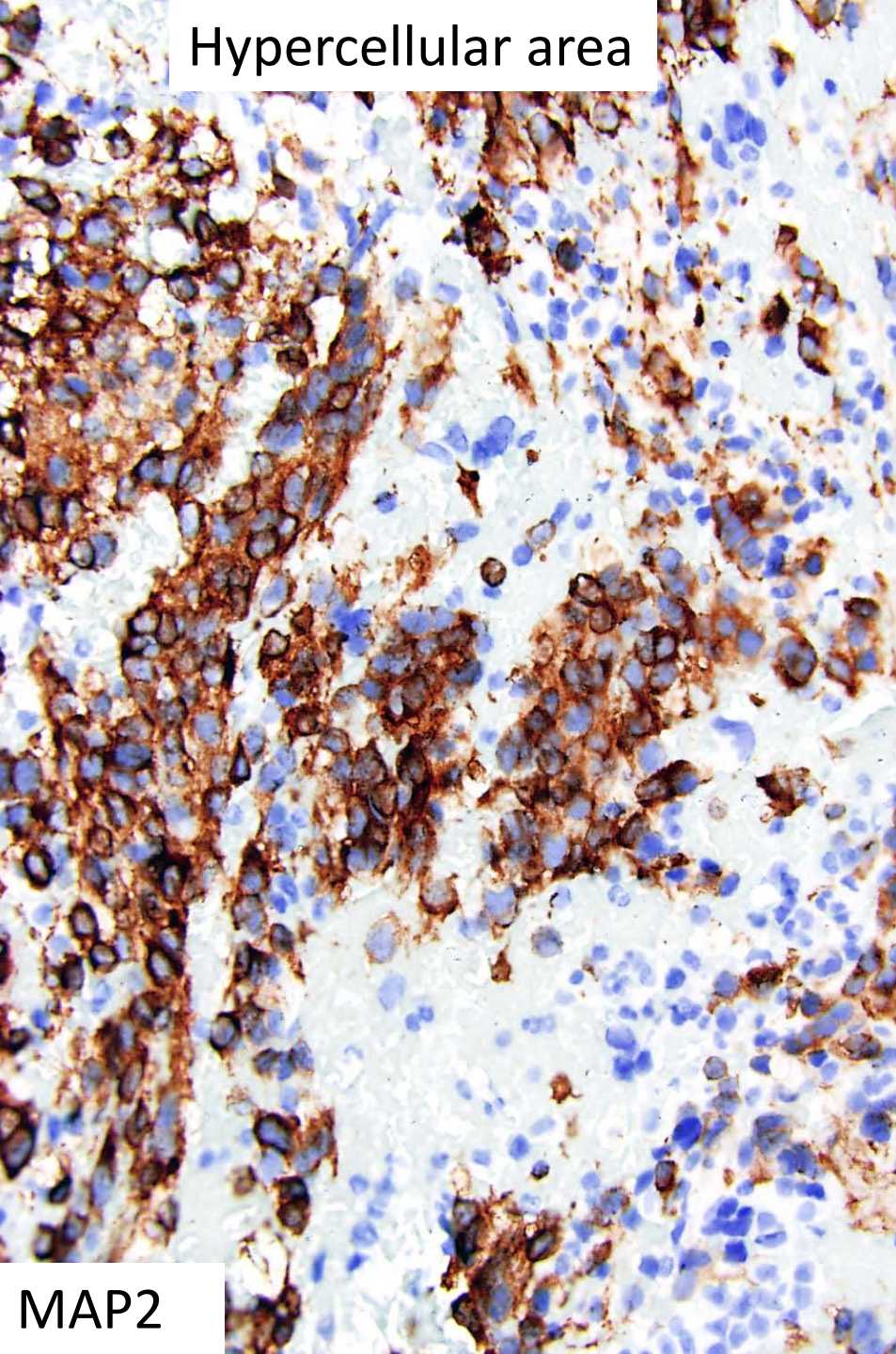
Hypercellular area

Hypocellular area

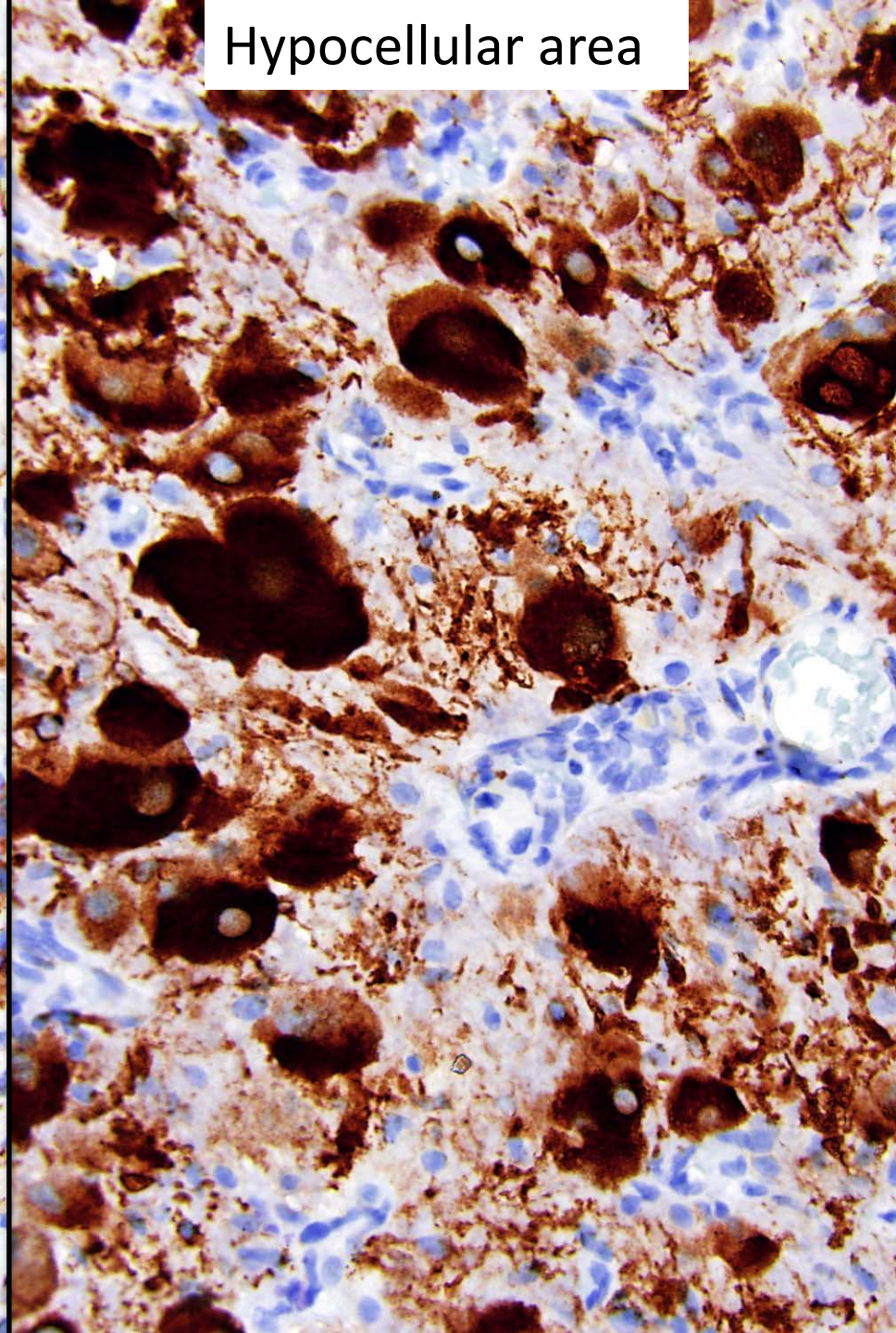
NeuN



Hypercellular area

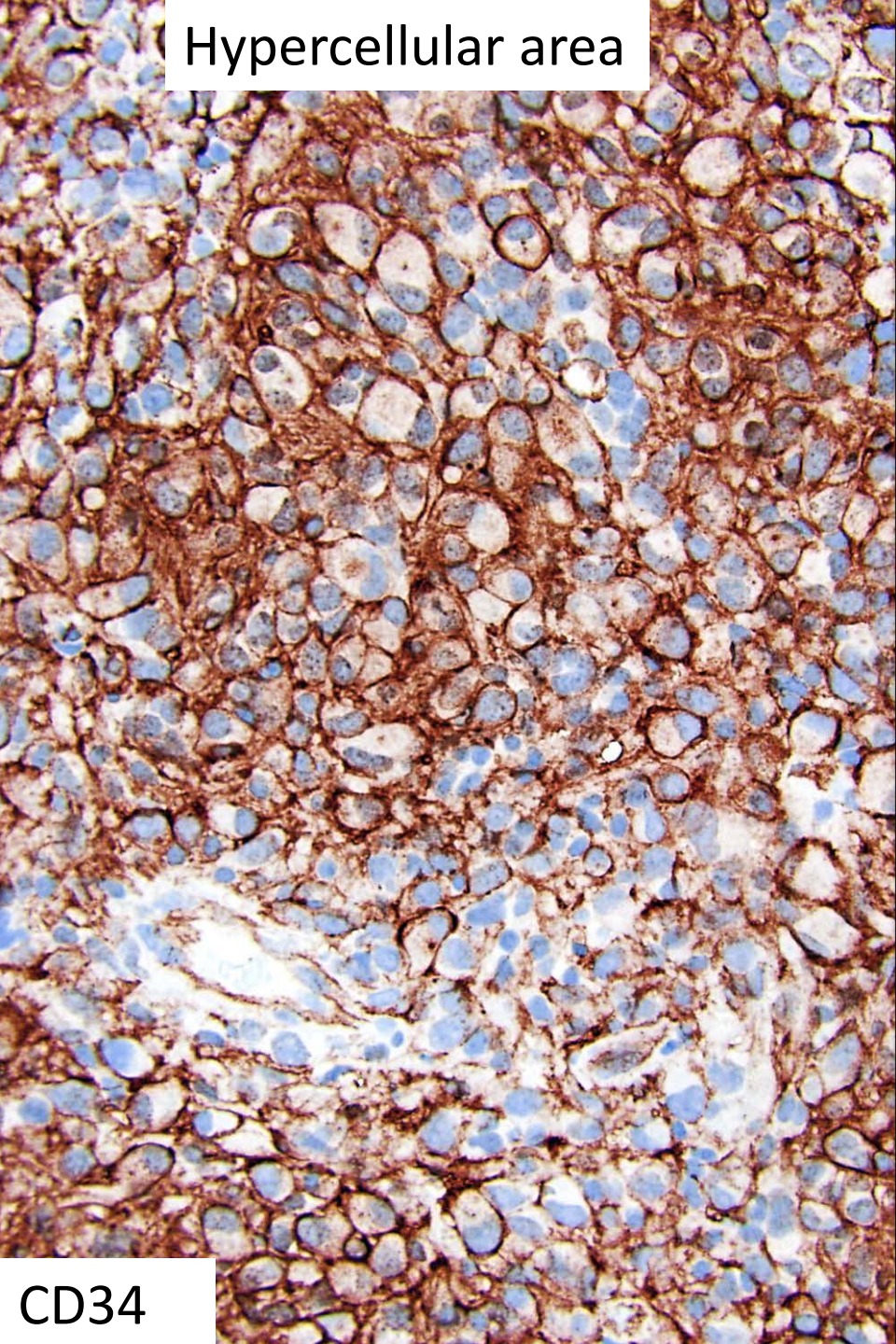


Hypocellular area

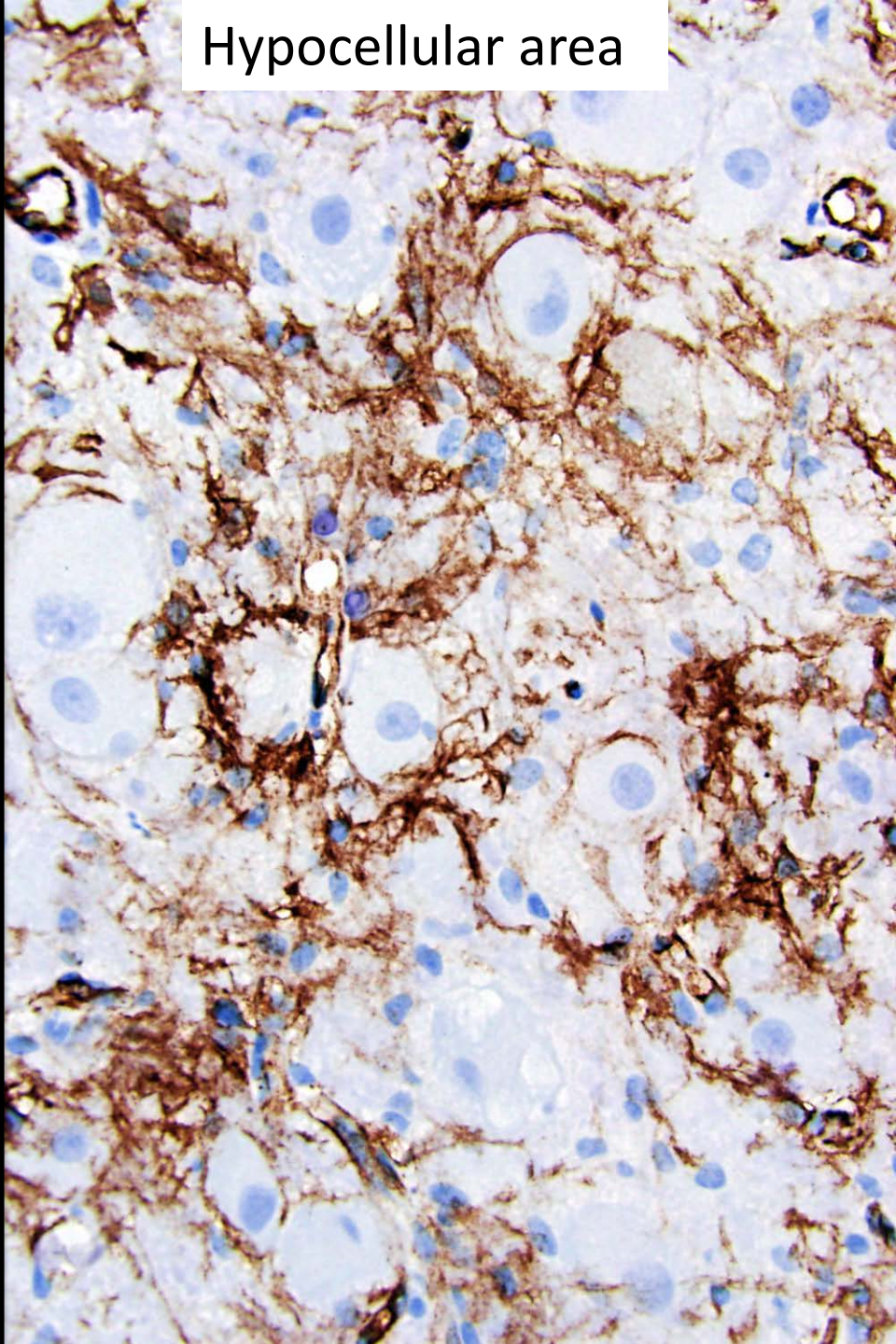


MAP2

Hypercellular area



Hypocellular area

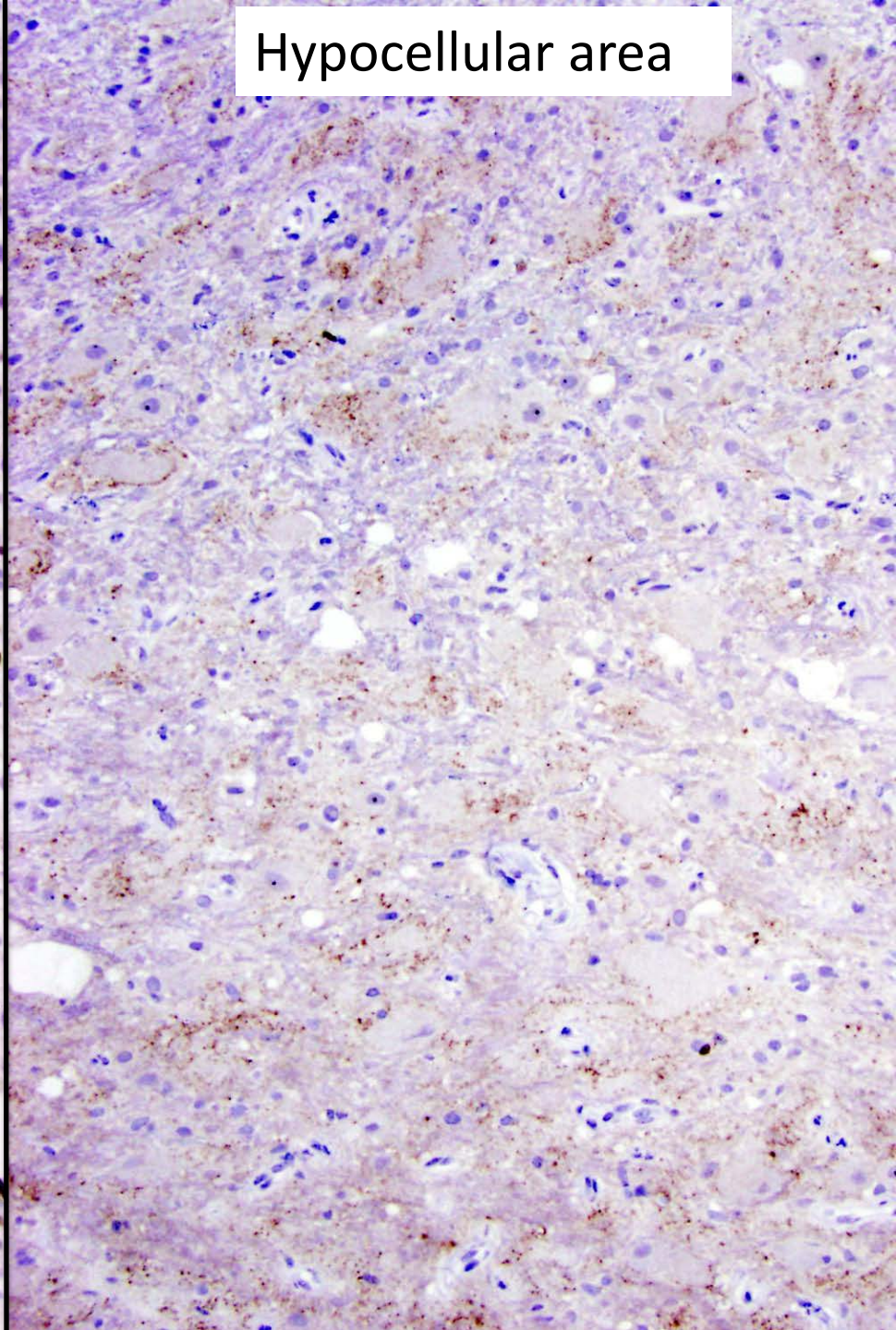
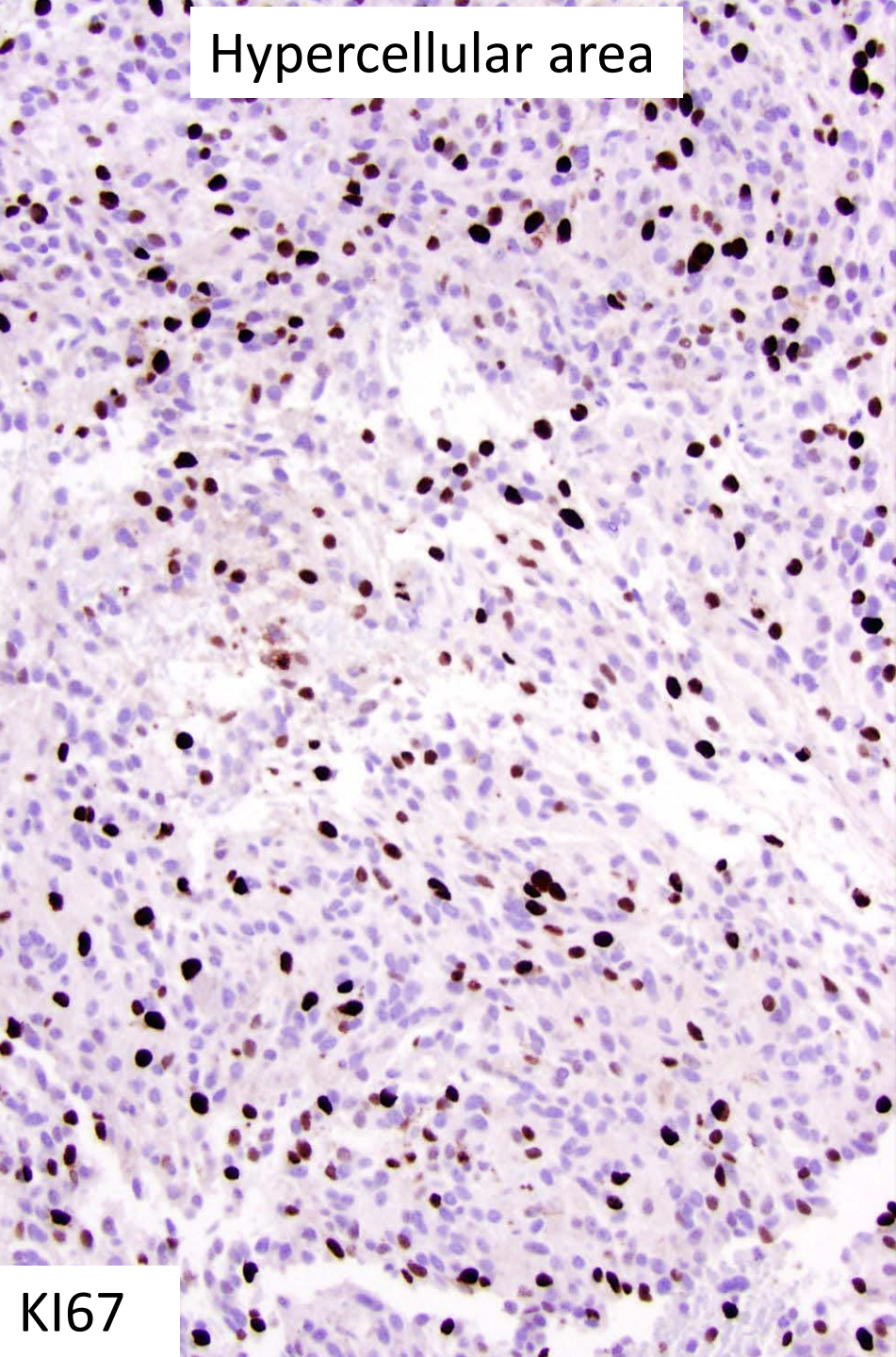


CD34



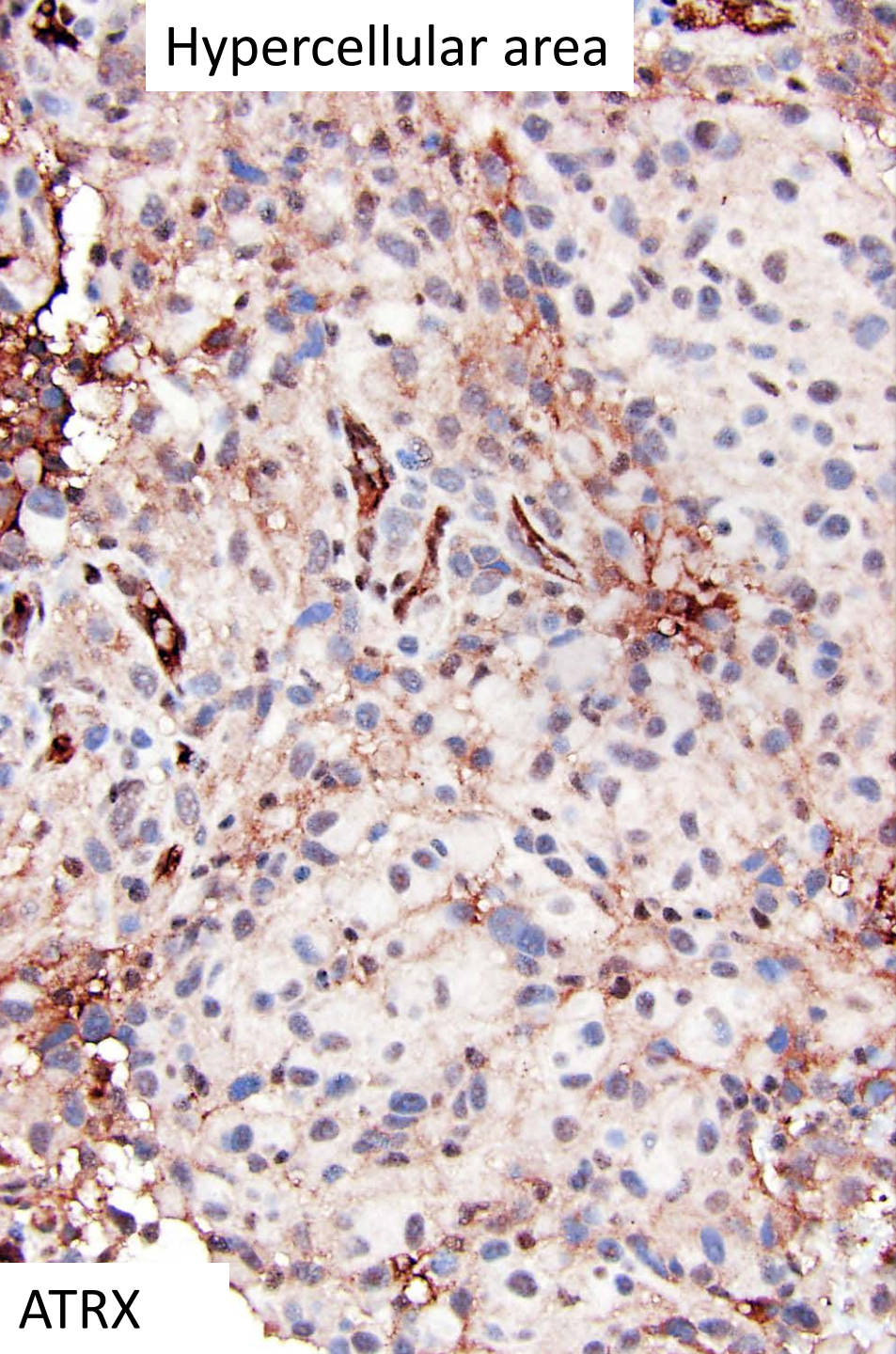
Hypercellular area

Hypocellular area

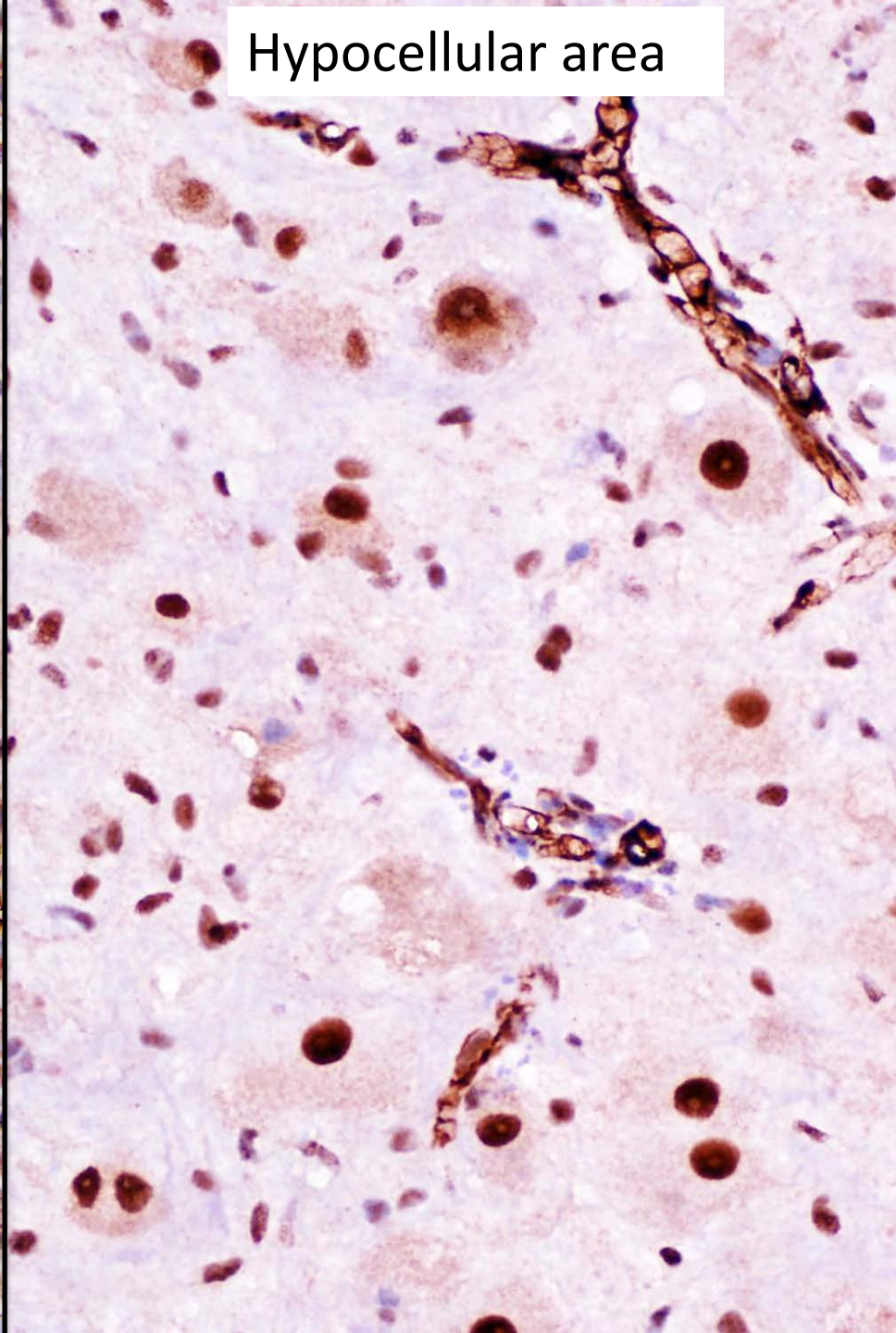


KI67

Hypercellular area

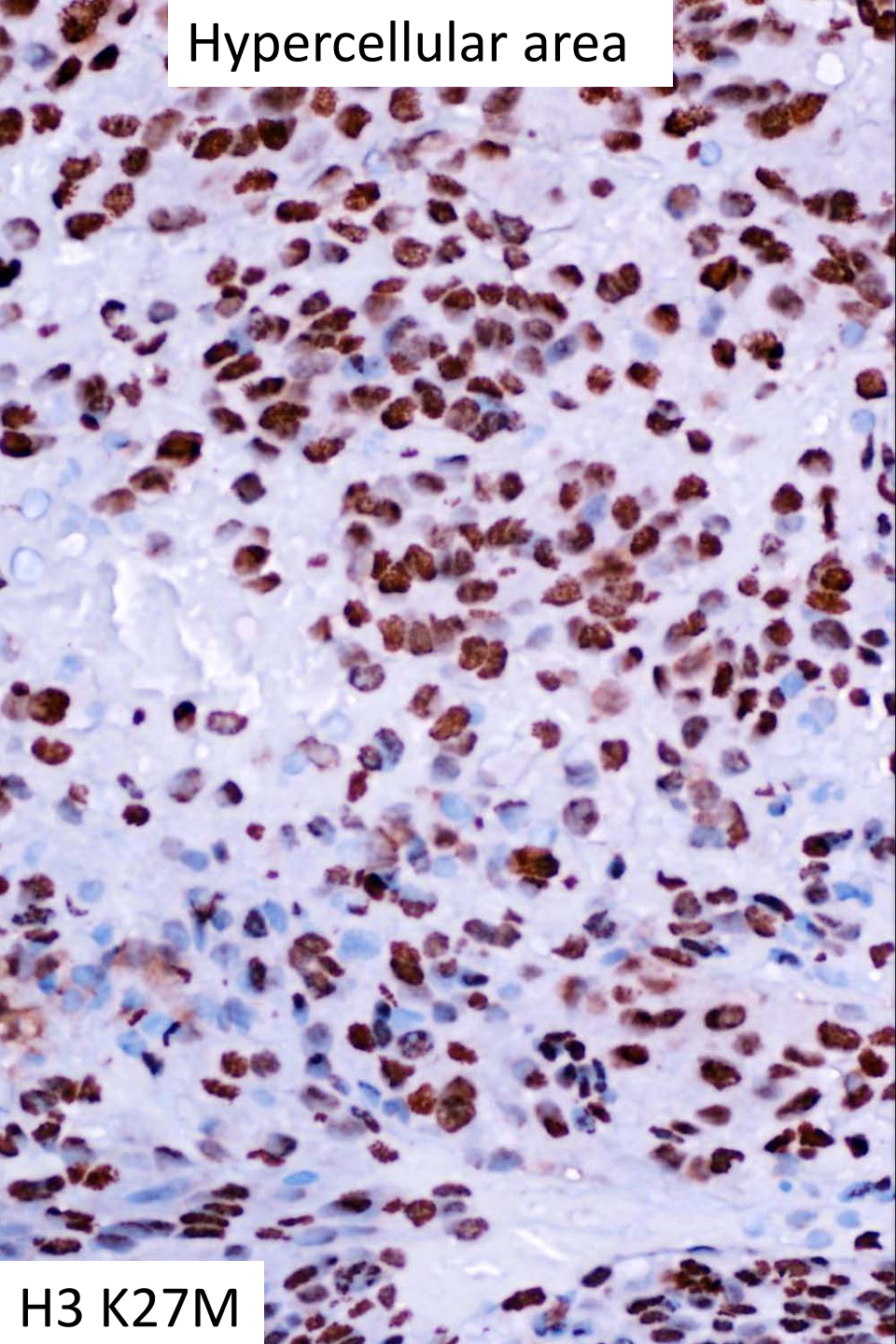


Hypocellular area

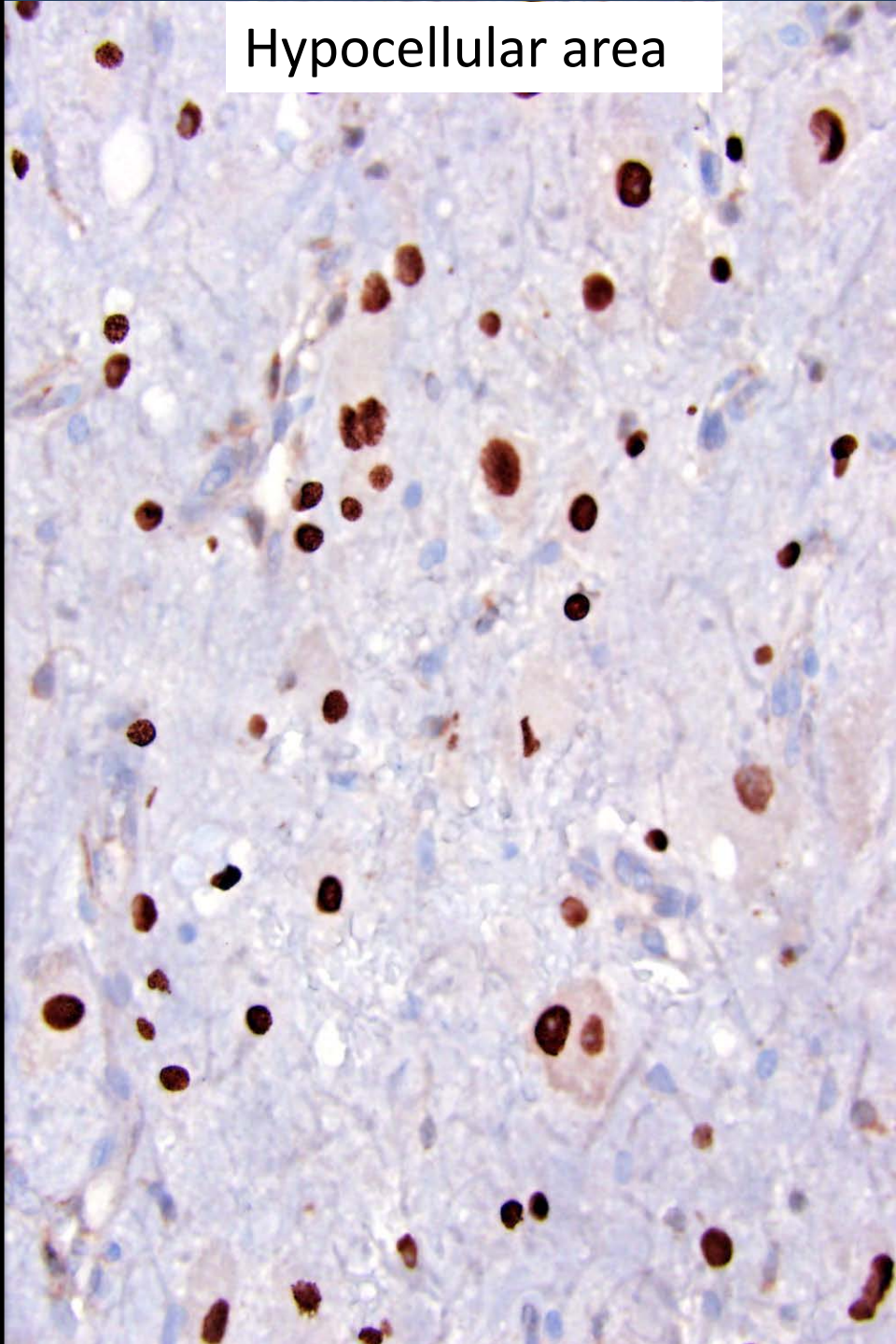


ATRX

Hypercellular area



Hypocellular area



H3 K27M

- The tumor was negative for BRAF V600E and IDH1(R132H) immunostains and INI1 was retained in the tumor nuclei.
- There was no *EGFR* amplification or *PTEN* deletion.

# Diagnosis

- Spinal glioblastoma with epithelioid features, ganglioglioma-like foci and *H3 K27M* mutation

# Discussion

- Epithelioid glioblastoma
  - **Rare variant** (Kleinschmidt-DeMasters BK et al. Am J Surg Pathol. 2013 May (37(5):685-98)
  - **Primary glioblastoma**
  - **Leptomeningeal spread, short recurrence interval, metastases outside of CNS** (Broniscer A. et al. Neuropathol Appl Neurobiol 2014 April;40(3):327-336)
  - **Long survival in a subset** (Kleinschmidt-DeMasters BK et al. Am J Surg Pathol 2013 May;37(5):685-98 )

# Discussion

- *BRAF V600E* mutation in ~50% of cases
- Negative for *IDH1 (R132H)* mutation (one exception reported)
- Negative for *EGFR* amplification

# Peculiar Findings in Our Case

- Symptoms of long duration
- Ganglioglioma – like foci
- Loss of ATRX in the glioma-like areas but retained ATRX in the ganglioglioma-like areas
- *H3 K27M* mutation



# *K27M* Mutation

Common in DIPG and in midline pediatric GBM (Wu G. et al. Nat. Genet. 2012;44(3):251-2530)

Common in thalamic high grade gliomas in young adults (Aihara K. et al. Neuro-Oncol. 2014;16(1),140-146)

Worse prognosis than high grade diffuse gliomas without *K27M* mutation (Korshunov A. et al. Acta Neuropathol (2015) 129;669-678)

# Follow-Up

- The patient underwent radiotherapy and treatment with temozolomide
- Vertebral fracture due to osteonecrosis (radiotherapy-related)
- Currently he has stable disease and is back to work (six months follow-up)



**Thank you**

# References

- Broniscer A, Tatevossian RG, Sabin ND, Klimo P, Dalton J et al. Clinical, radiological, histological, and molecular characteristics of paediatric epithelioid glioblastoma. *Neuropathol Appl Neurobiol* 2014 April;40(3):327-336
- Kleinschmidt-DeMasters BK, Aisner DL, Birks DK, Foreman NK. Epithelioid GBMs show a high percentage of BRAF V600E mutation. *Am J Surg Pathol*. 2013 May (37(5):685-98
- Gielen GH, Gessi M, Hammes J, Kramm CM, Waha A. et al. *H3F3A* K27M mutation in pediatric CNS tumors. *Am J Clin Pathol* 2013;139:345-349
- Aihara K, Mukasa A, Gotoh K, Saito K, Nagae G. H3F3A K27M mutations in thalamic gliomas from young adult patients. *Neuro-Oncology* 16(1),140-146, 2014
- Korshunov A, Ryzhova M, Hovestadt V, Bender S, Sturm D et al. Integrated analysis of pediatric glioblastoma reveals a subset of biologically favorable tumors with associated molecular prognostic findings. *Acta Neuropathol*.2015 May;129(5):669-78.
- Kleinschmidt-DeMasters BK, Birks DK, Aisner DL, Hankinson TC, Rosenblum MK. Atypical teratoid/rhabdoid tumor arising in ganglioglioma: genetic characterization. *Am J Surg Pathol* 2011 Dec;35(12):1894-901