## AANP DSS 2016 Cases 8a and 8b

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The following faculty have nothing to disclose:

Tejus Bale

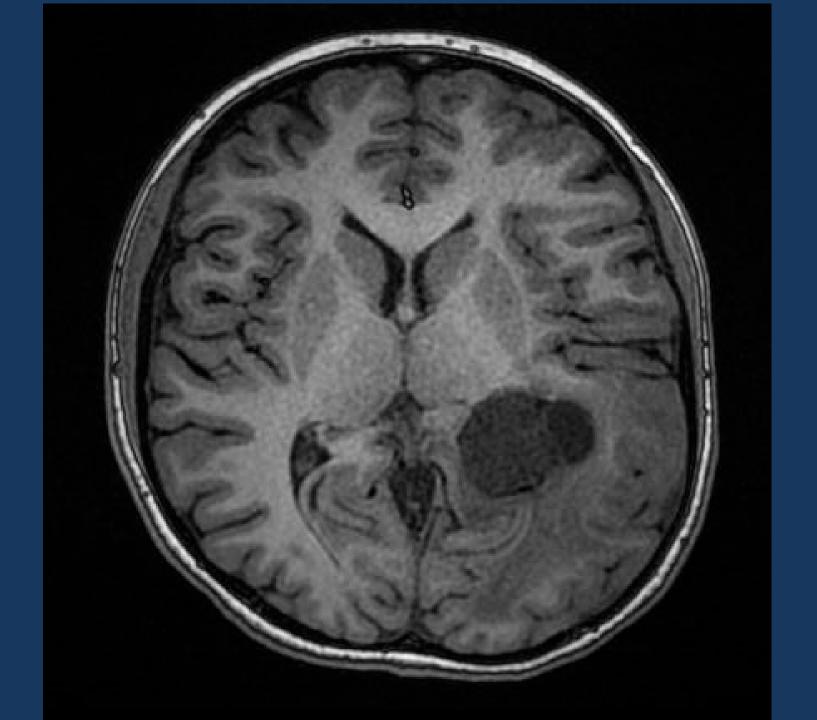
Angelica Oviedo

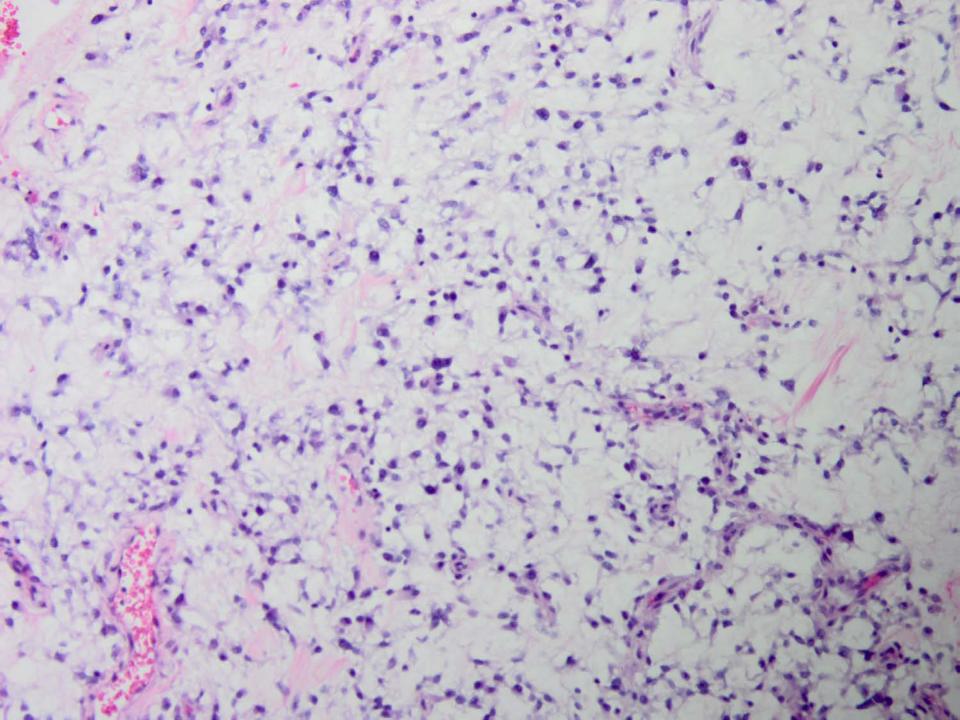
Harry Kozakewich

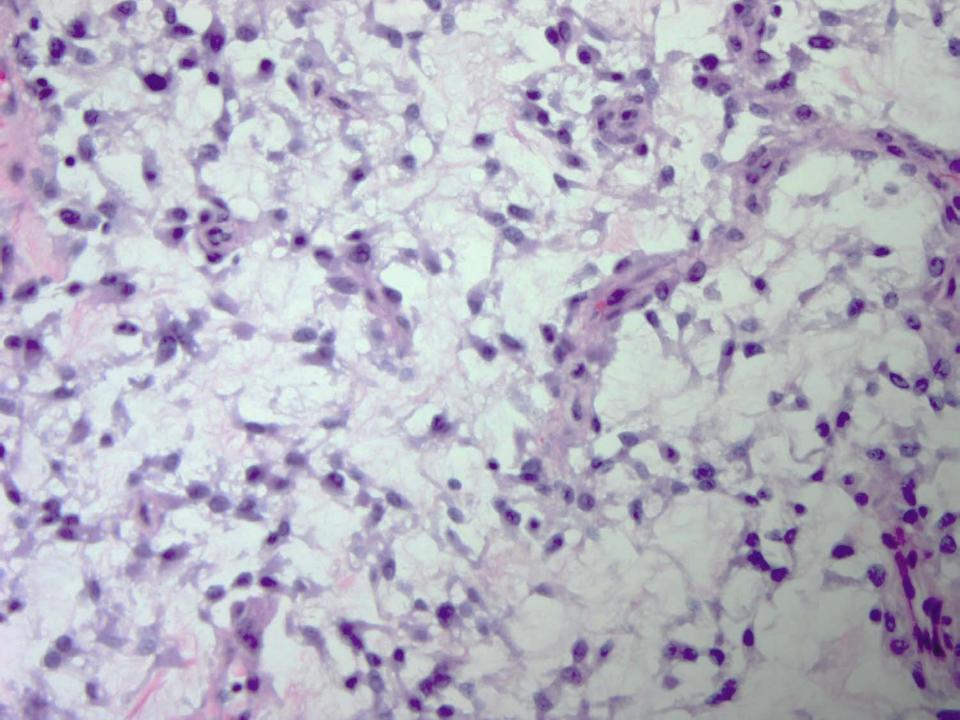
Sanda Alexandrescu

## Case 8a – Clinical History

 14 year old female presenting with intermittent nausea, vomiting and early morning headache of recent onset.

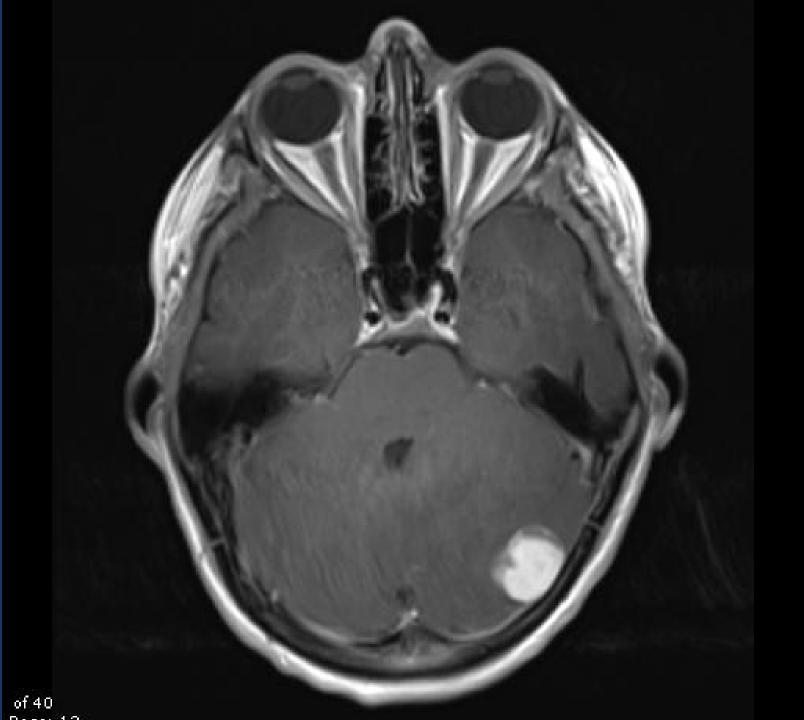


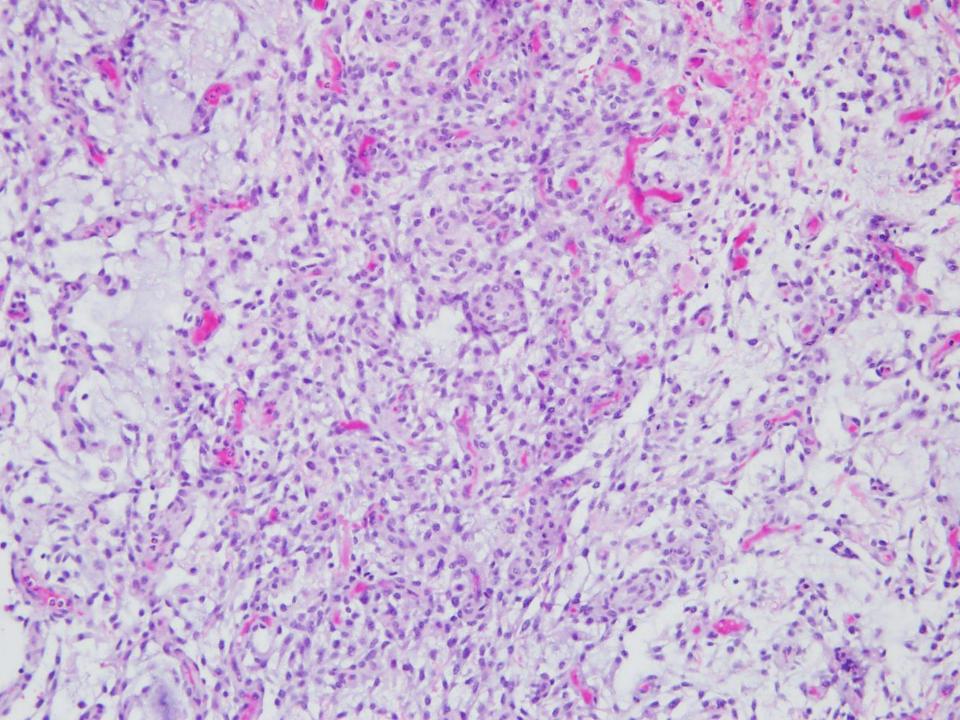


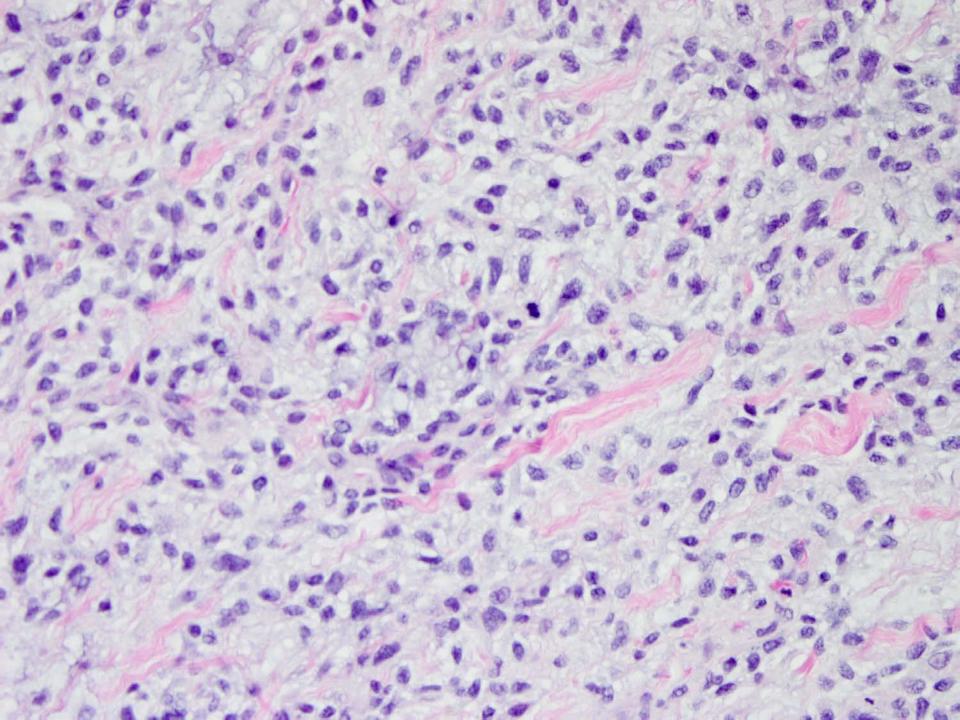


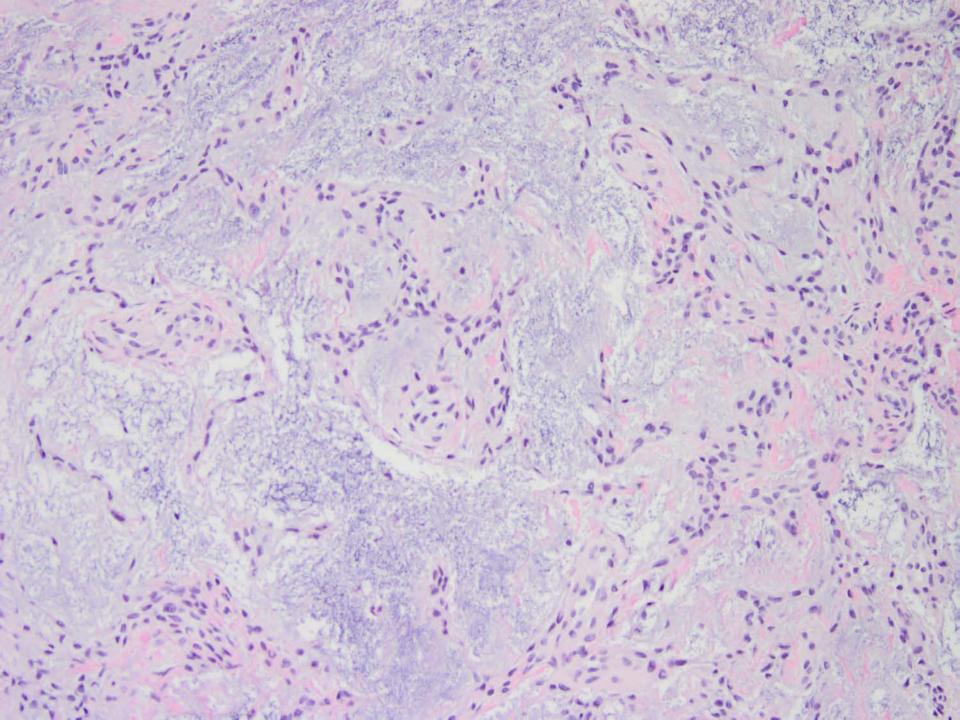
## Case 8b - Clinical History

- 12-year-old boy with a past medical history of adrenal neuroblastoma diagnosed at the age of 7 and treated with chemotherapy, surgical resection, stem cell transplant and local radiotherapy.
- No evidence of recurrence.





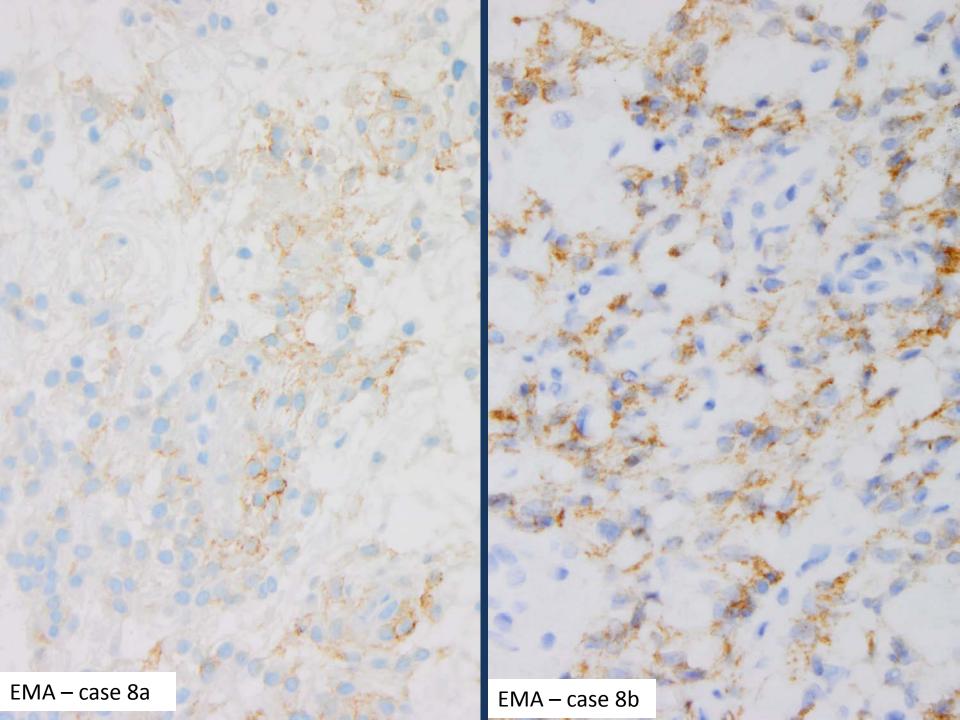


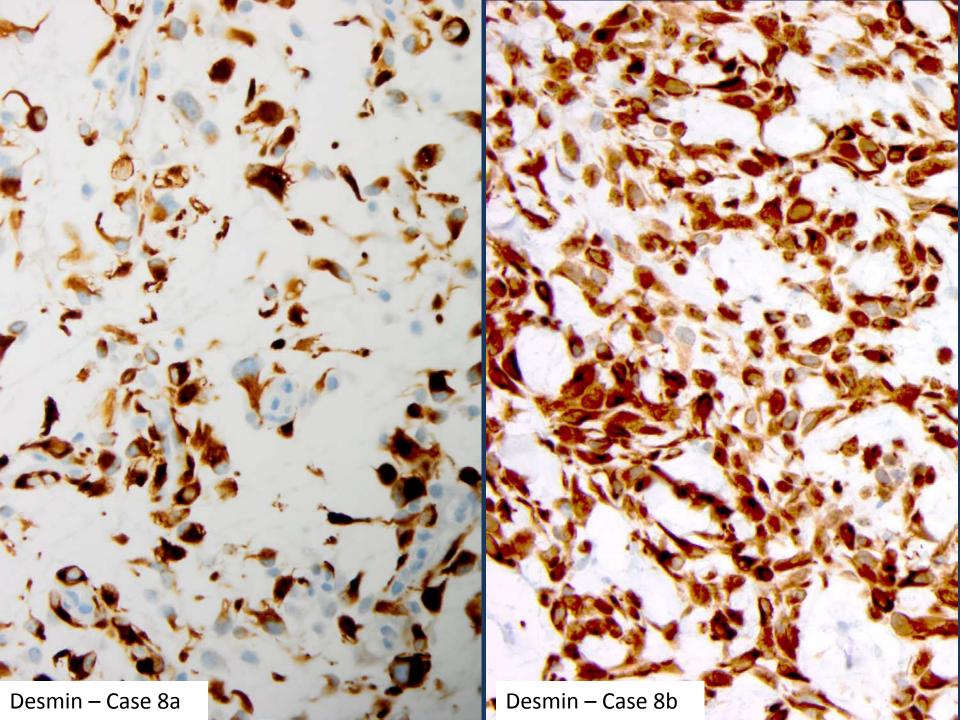


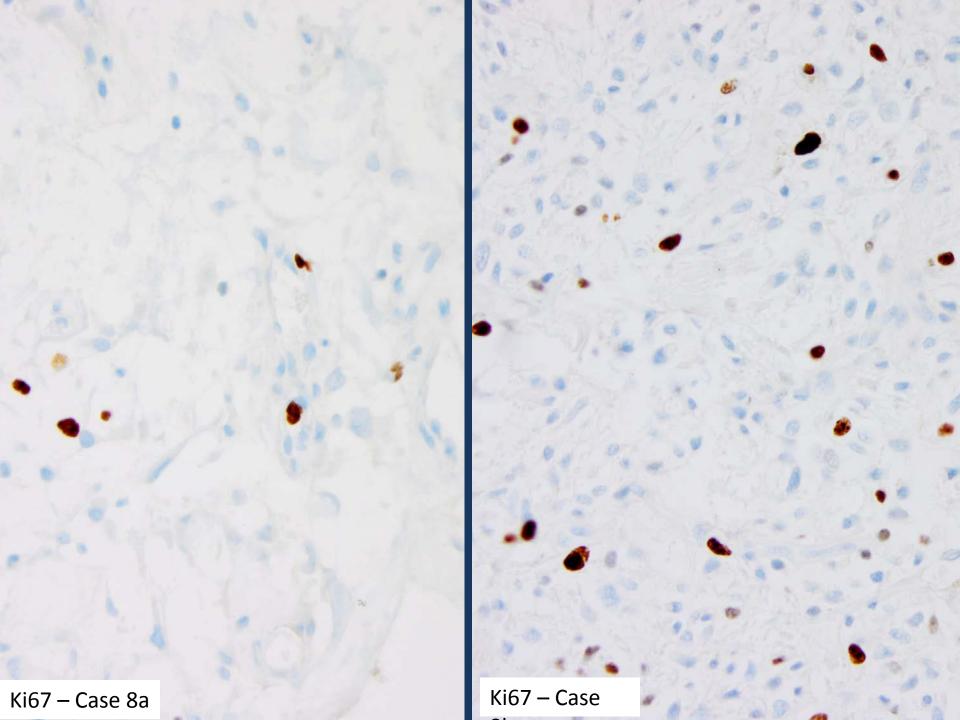
# (Differential) Diagnosis?

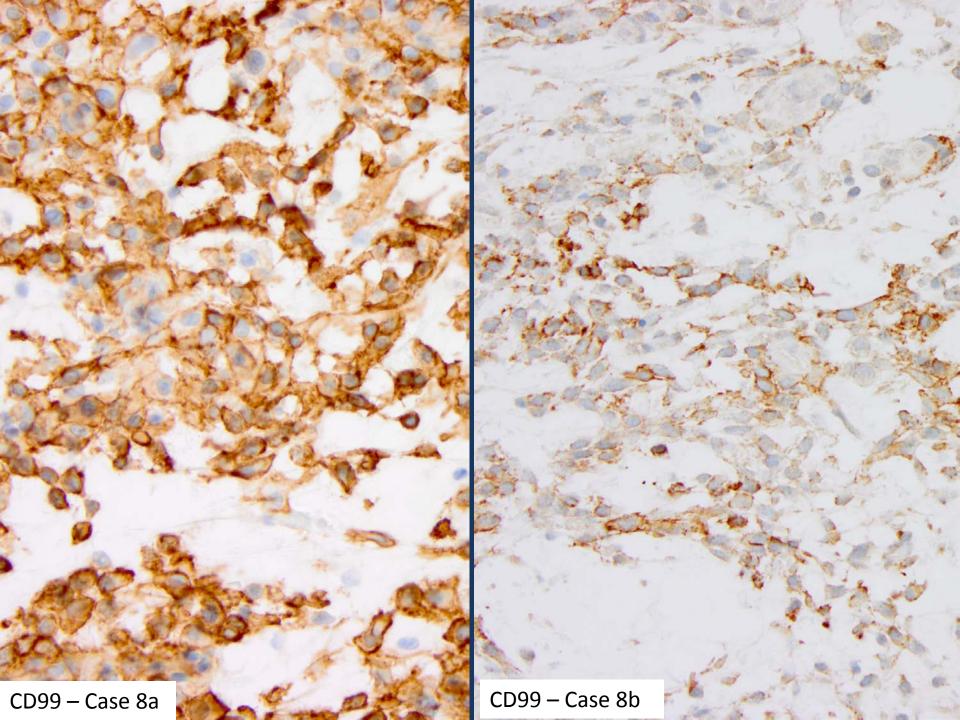
### Differential Diagnosis

- Meningioma with prominent myxoid changes
- Chordoma
- Pilocytic astrocytoma
- Myoepithelioma/myoepithelial carcinoma
- Mesenchymal chondrosarcoma
- Extraskeletal myxoid chondrosarcoma
- Low grade myxofibrosarcoma
- Myxoid variant of angiomatoid fibrous histiocytoma
- An unusual synovial sarcoma
- Ewing sarcoma with myxoid changes
- Rhabdomyosarcoma





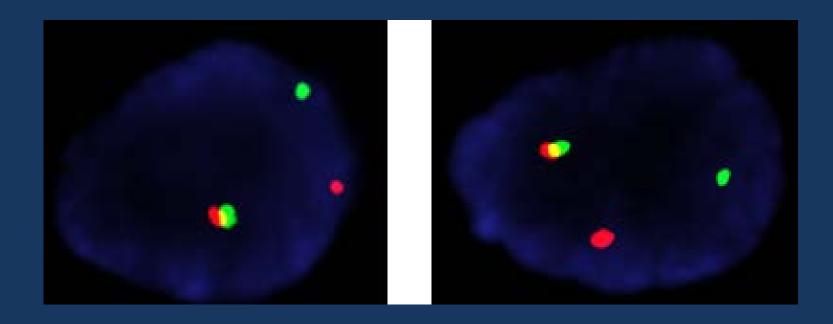




#### The following immunostains were negative:

- Keratin
- S100
- Brachyury
- CD34
  - Myogenin
  - Olig2
  - GFAP
  - Fli1
  - TLE
- CD68
- SMA (equivocal)
- Synaptophysin
- Chromogranin

Fluorescence in situ hybridization demonstrated EWSR1 (22q12) rearrangement in 93% nuclei in Case 8a, and in 88% nuclei in Case 8b.



Karyotype for Case 8a:

46, XX, t(2;22)(q34;q12)[3]/46,xx[25]

Targeted exome sequencing (OncoPanel) with subsequent structural variation analysis using breakmer:

A reciprocal chromosome rearrangement between chromosome 2 (mapping to intron 6 in case 1 and intron 7 in case 2) of *CREB1* and chromosome 22 (mapping to intron 8 in both cases) of *EWSR1*.

## Copy Number Variations

Case 8a

Case 8b

Low copy number gain of:

5q35.1 (*KCNIP1*)

11q13.3(*CCND1*)

15q25.3 (*NTRK3*)

18q11.2 (*GATA6*)

Low copy number gain of:

5q53.1 (*KCNIP1*)

11q13.3 (CCND1)

5q32 (*CSF1R*)

5q32 (*PDGFRB*)

12p13.32 (*CCND2*)

19p12 (ZNF708)

### Diagnosis

Myxoid variant of angiomatoid fibrous histiocytoma.

### **Angiomatoid fibrous histiocytoma (AFH)**

- Intermediate malignant potential
- Most common location: limbs, trunk, head and neck
- In rare instances, presents as a primary intracranial lesion. (Dunham 2008, Hansen 2015, Ochalski 2010).
- Characteristic chromosomal rearrangements involving EWSR1: EWSR1-CREB1 t(2:22)(q33;q12), EWSR1-ATF1 t(12;22)(q13;q12), and FUS-ATF1 t(12;16)(q13;p11)
- Histological features include:
  - fibrous pseudocapsule with lymphoplasmacytic infiltrates
  - blood-filled cystic spaces
  - epithelioid or spindled tumor cells with a multinodular, whorled, sheet-like or fascicular growth pattern

- Characteristic morphologic features of AFH (at least focal) within a prominent myxoid stroma
- Expected immunoprofile: EMA, desmin, CD99, and, occasionally, CD68 expression
- Characteristic chromosomal rearrangements
- No intracranial cases
- No previous reports of primary intracranial myxoid
  AFH

### Follow-up

 Both patients are doing well without evidence of recurrence after 5 months (patient 8a) and 7 months (patient 8b).