

### American Association of Neuropathologists (AANP) 2024 Annual Diagnostic Slide Session Case 10

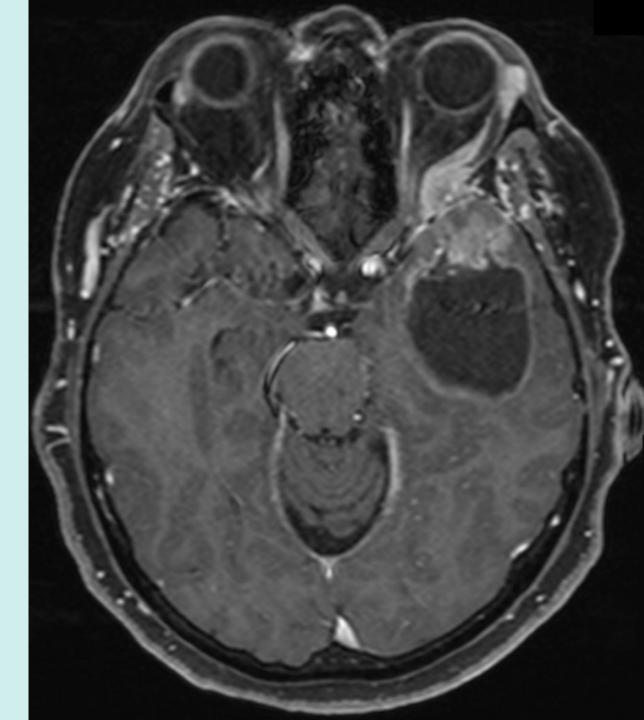
Liana Kozanno, MD, PhD Maria Martinez-Lage, MD

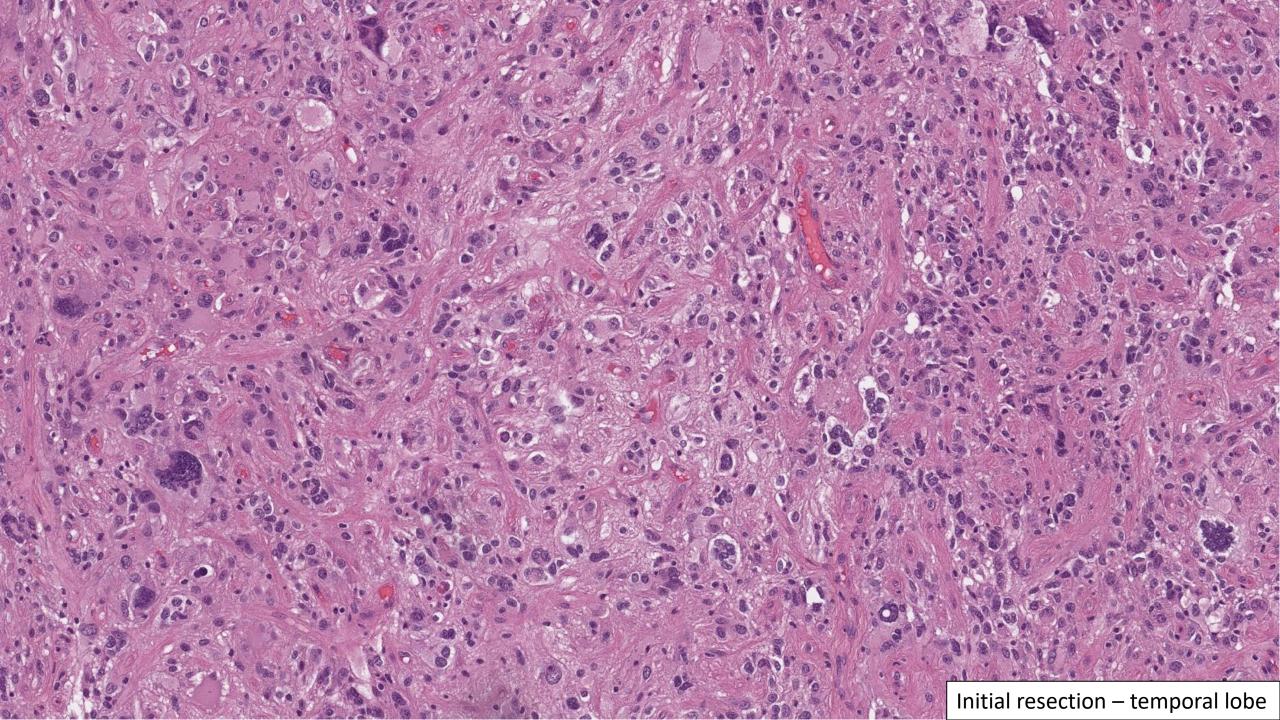
Massachusetts General Hospital Department of Pathology, Division of Neuropathology

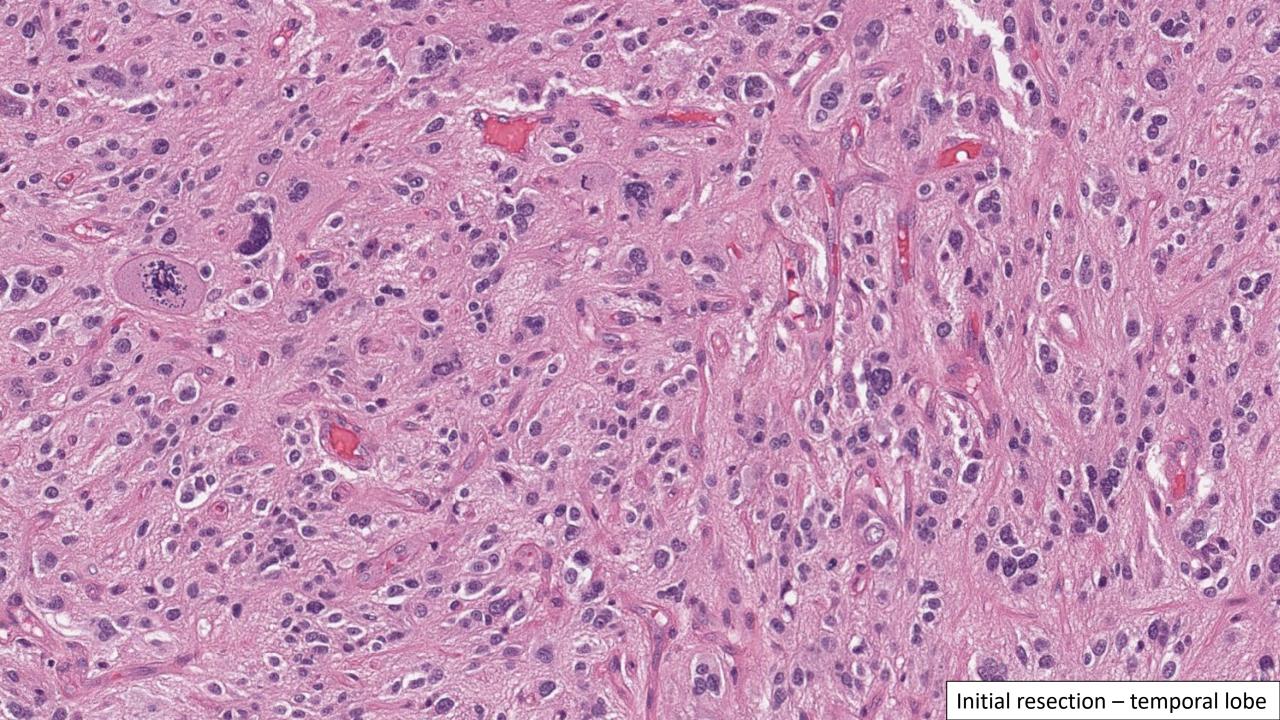
## **Clinical History**

55-year-old woman presented with severe headache and one month of progressive memory decline with wordfinding difficulties.

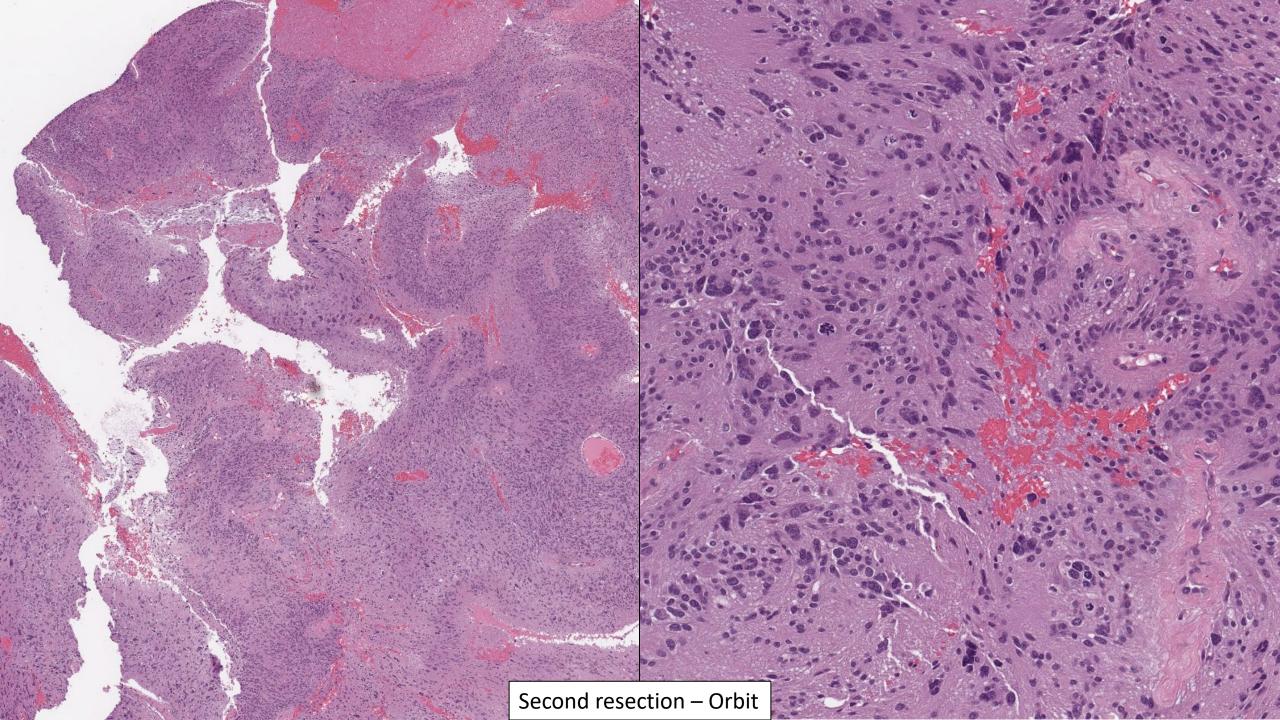
Found to have a large irregularly enhancing mass in the left temporal lobe with extension into the left orbit.







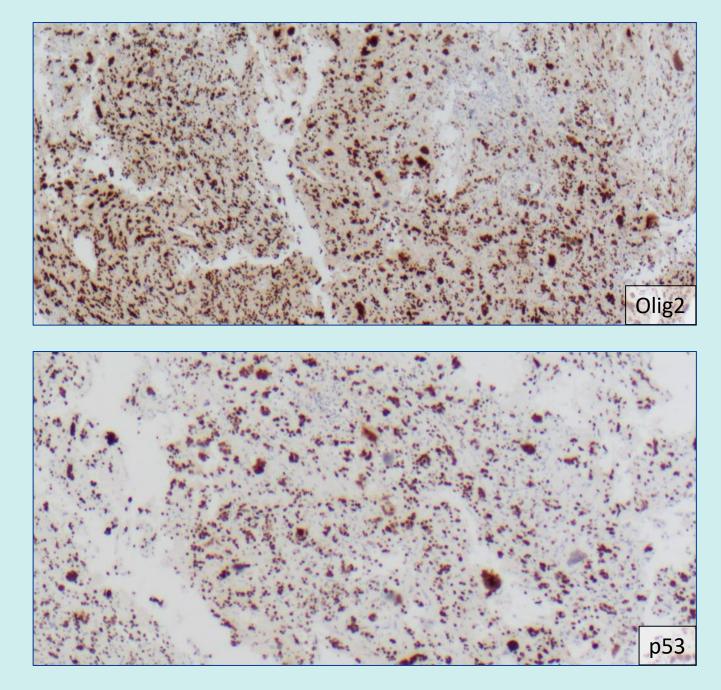
Initial resection – temporal lobe



**DIAGNOSIS?** 

#### Immunohistochemical staining

Olig2	Positive	
p53	Strong positivity	
GFAP	Negative	
NeuN		
CD34		
MelanA		
BRAF V600E		
IDH1 R132H		
ATRX	Retained	
Reticulin	No increased deposition	



### Initial resection

### **Molecular Studies**

SNVs: TP53 p.Arg248Trp; MLH1 p.Met359Thr; PIK3R1 p.Thr576delCNVs: ERBB2 loss, NF2 loss, RNF43 lossFusions: NEGATIVE for reportable fusions

Final Diagnosis: Glioblastoma with giant cells, IDH-wildtype, CNS WHO grade 4

DNA METHYLATION-BASED TUMOR CLASSIFICATION		
Methylation Class:	no match	

### Second resection (2 years later)

DNA METHYLATION-BASED TUMOR CLASSIFICATION			
Molecular Information	prior specimen positive for mutations in TP53, MLH1, and PIK3R1, losses in chromosomes 13 and 17.		
Consensus Methylation Profiling Class	High grade glioma with pleomorphic and pseudopapillary features (HPAP) (suggestive scores on both the current and prior specimen for this class)		

HIGH-GRADE GLIOMA MATCHING TO METHYLATION CLASS "HIGH-GRADE GLIOMA WITH PLEOMORPHIC AND PSEUDOPAPILLARY FEATURES (HPAP)".

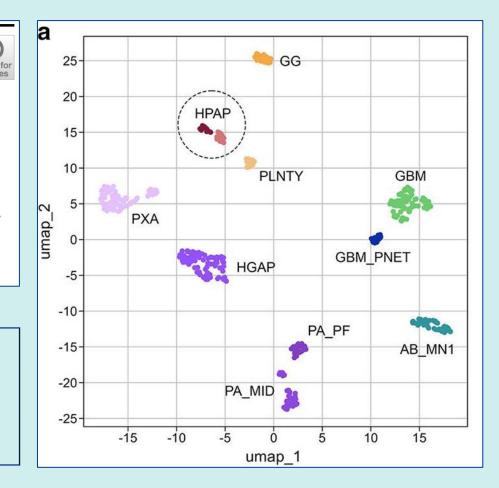
# High-grade glioma with pleomorphic and pseudopapillary features (HPAP)

**ORIGINAL PAPER** 

High-grade glioma with pleomorphic and pseudopapillary features (HPAP): a proposed type of circumscribed glioma in adults harboring frequent *TP53* mutations and recurrent monosomy 13

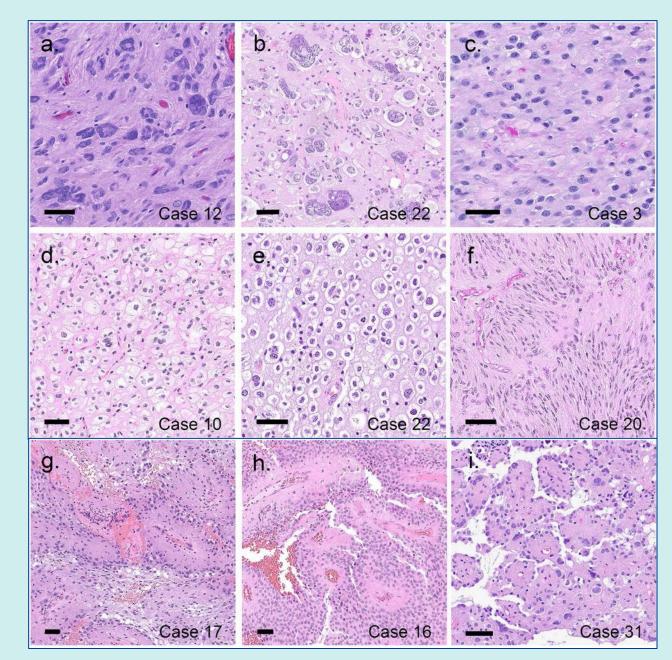
Drew Pratt<sup>1</sup> × Zied Abdullaev<sup>1</sup> · Antonios Papanicolau-Sengos<sup>1</sup> · Courtney Ketchum<sup>1</sup> · Pavalan Panneer Selvam<sup>1</sup> · Hye-Jung Chung<sup>1</sup> · Ina Lee<sup>1</sup> · Mark Raffeld<sup>1</sup> · Mark R. Gilbert<sup>2</sup> · Terri S. Armstrong<sup>2</sup> · Peter Pytel<sup>3</sup> · Ewa Borys<sup>4</sup> · Joshua M. Klonoski<sup>5</sup> · Matthew McCord<sup>6</sup> · Craig Horbinski<sup>6</sup> · Daniel Brat<sup>6</sup> · Arie Perry<sup>7</sup> · David Solomon<sup>7</sup> · Charles Eberhart<sup>8</sup> · Caterina Giannini<sup>9</sup> · Martha Quezado<sup>1</sup> · Kenneth Aldape<sup>1</sup>

Identified a previously uncharacterized glioma type using unsupervised clustering of DNA methylation data



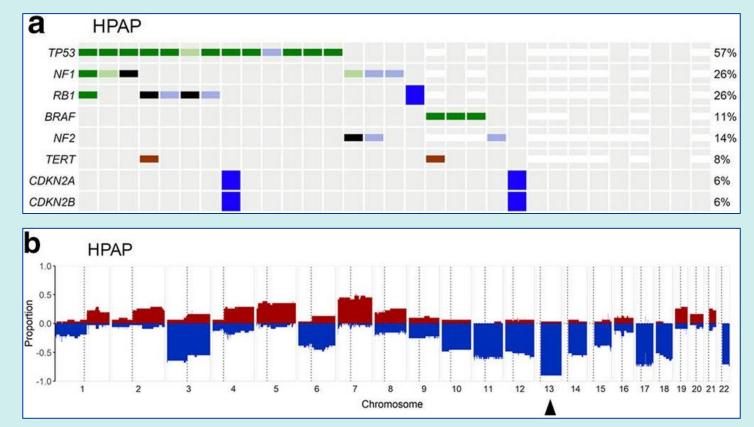
# Histologic features

- Broad morphologic features
- Generally characterized by marked pleomorphism, giant cell morphology, and multinucleation.
- Occasional bland to oligodendroglial-like morphology, perivascular pseudorosettes, loss of cellular cohesion leading to pseudopapillary structures
- Predominantly non-infiltrative appearance



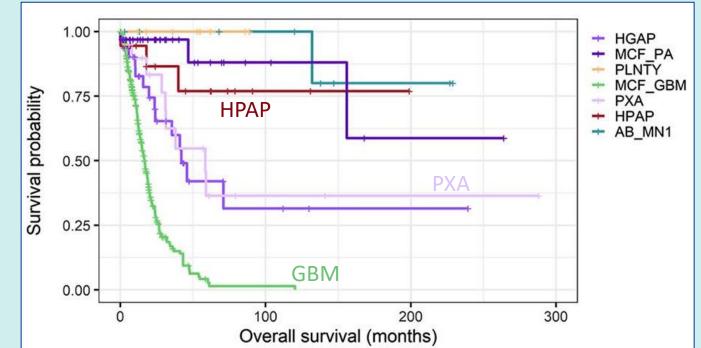
### **Molecular alterations**

- Recurrent alterations in TP53 (13/23 cases; 57%), RB1 (6/23, 26%), NF1 (6/23, 26%), NF2 (3/21, 14%), BRAF V600E (3/25; 12%)
- Most cases showed monosomy 13 (28/31) and loss of chr 17
- Frequent losses of chr 3, 6, 10-15, 18, and 22.
- Generally, do not show CDKN2A/B loss or TERT promoter mutation



### **Diagnostic notes**

- The initial tumor was diagnosed as a Glioblastoma with giant cell morphology.
  - Due to the poor prognosis associated with this diagnosis, the patient was not deemed to be a candidate for orbital exenteration.
- The diagnosis of HPAP led to changes in prognosis for the patient which altered management.



### References

- Pratt D, Abdullaev Z, Papanicolau-Sengos A, Ketchum C, Panneer Selvam P, Chung HJ, Lee I, Raffeld M, Gilbert MR, Armstrong TS, Pytel P, Borys E, Klonoski JM, McCord M, Horbinski C, Brat D, Perry A, Solomon D, Eberhart C, Giannini C, Quezado M, Aldape K. High-grade glioma with pleomorphic and pseudopapillary features (HPAP): a proposed type of circumscribed glioma in adults harboring frequent TP53 mutations and recurrent monosomy 13. Acta Neuropathol. 2022 Mar;143(3):403-414. PMID: 35103816.
- Gubbiotti MA, Weinberg JS, Weathers SP, Dasgupta P, Tom MC, Aldape K, Quezado M, Abdullaev Z, Huse JT, Ballester LY. An incidental finding of a high-grade glioma with pleomorphic and pseudopapillary features (HPAP) with PBRM1 mutation. J Neuropathol Exp Neurol. 2024 Jan 19;83(2):139-141. PMID: 38164987.

### Acknowledgements

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